Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
W. T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Phila.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

The pig iron men unanimously object to any change in the duty on that article.

Election day is a goodly distance off yet. There is a fine opportunity for sensible and patriotic republicans to distinguish themselves.

And now there is to be a fuss over the Jeannette expedition and an investigation. What's the use in agitating the country and wasting money over what "might have been?"

Honest Eckley B. Coxe has been telling the Democrats again how glad he was that he was not nominated for governor, and how pleased he is with the ticket. Eckley is a "caution."

There are some politicians in Spain who would like to bring about another change of government. The infernal machine lately sent to the Spanish prime minister was a hint in that direction.

There is trouble in store for West Point. Another colored man will soon apply for admission to the Academy. He comes from Florida. If he is admitted perhaps there will be trouble for him, too.

The *Watchman* alludes to the party General Beaver represents. We hope it will continue to discuss the same subject and explain that it is the party which saved the nation when the party which the *Watchman* represents refused to do so.

Let it be said to the credit of the Germans that over 5,000 German votes were cast favoring the Iowa constitutional amendment. The vote was unusually large and considering the monied opposition, the majority rings a death knell to the liquor traffic in America.

The secretary of the navy announces that Rear Admiral Nicholson's conduct in protecting American interests at Alexandria, Egypt, was "perfectly discreet and proper." Still there are a few people in this country who imagine that Admiral Nicholson was just a little "fresh."

The action of the Virginia republicans in nominating a colored minister for congressman at large will be apt to cause the readjusters considerable trouble. Mr. Dawson, the nominee, is said to be a man of considerable ability, well educated and popular with his race.

One of the hard shell bourbon Democrats of our town said to the news boy the other evening, "Give me a *Times*—if you haven't a *Times* I'll take a *Press*. There is not much difference in their sentiments." The question now is which paper was complimented? Will the *Press* please respond.

The Pennsylvania Democratic Congressman always talks against a reduction of the tariff and votes with the Democrats in Congress for its reduction, or does not vote at all when his vote would count in favor of the tariff. Such is Democratic consistency, and is a substantial reason why the State of Pennsylvania should not be permitted to fall into their hands this fall by the defection of the Independents.

Moral Ground for War.

A courteous correspondent, who has read the speech delivered by Mr. Gladstone after the bombardment of Alexandria, admits that Admiral Seymour was justified in battering down the earthworks, but thinks that the bombardment should have been delayed until a land force was at hand to cut off Arabi's retreat and to prevent the destruction of the city and the massacre of a portion of the population. Conceding readily enough that Arabi represents no higher principle than the lawlessness of a soldier-mob, and that the present state of anarchy on the Nile is intolerable, he questions whether we can with propriety declare that England throughout the present crisis can be justified on the highest moral grounds. On the contrary, he considers the action of the Government to have been precipitate and ill-considered.

Our correspondent evidently considers the war with Egypt to be both necessary and justifiable, for he approves of the bombardment of the forts and pronounces the state of anarchy which has been caused by "the lawlessness of a soldier mob" to be intolerable. He condemns Mr. Gladstone, not for what has been done, but for what has been left undone. He thinks that the forts should not have been bombarded until a land force was ready to co-operate with the fleet. In this way the retreat of Arabi's forces would have been intercepted and Alexandria would have been saved from rapine and destruction. But as a matter of fact the troops were not at hand. It was a force of marines that landed in the deserted city after the bombardment. There were no troops with the fleet, and although a fortnight has elapsed since the catastrophe, there are barely 5,000 British soldiers at Alexandria—a force utterly inadequate to cope with Arabi's army. The landing of an army which could have cut off Arabi's retreat was utterly impracticable.

Two rejoinders may be made. First, the Admiral should have waited until there was a land force to support him. This policy would have involved inaction for a fortnight or longer, during which the fortifications would have been materially strengthened and Arabi's army heavily reinforced from the interior. The fatal consequences of delay in such a crisis were illustrated during the Napoleonic wars, when the French were intriguing for an alliance with Turkey against Russia. The English Admiral, having forced the passage of the Dardanelles, threatened to bombard Constantinople unless the new alliance should be immediately renounced. The panic-stricken Pachas resorted to diplomacy and lured the Admiral into a week of negotiation and inaction. When their batteries were armed and their capital was on longer at the mercy of the enemy's guns, they return a defiant answer, and the Admiral instead of enforcing his ultimatum narrowly escaped the loss of his fleet. If Admiral Seymour had fallen into the same snare, the risks and difficulties of the enterprise would have been multiplied. Delay would have emboldened the Egyptian troops. Inaction would have been criminal neglect to insure the safety of the fleet. A retreat would have involved an abandonment of the Victory and European interests, and have brought dishonor upon England.

But, secondly, the crisis should have been anticipated. The English Government should have taken requisite precautions and have been fully prepared for the emergency. A military force should have been on the ground to co-operate with the fleet. In other words, the Admiral should have wantonly declared war on Egypt, and by hastily disembarking an invading column have forced an engagement with Arabi's troops. But before we convict Mr. Gladstone of vacillation and lack of foresight we must convince ourselves that a declaration of war would have been justifiable. We have no hesitation in saying that under the circumstances the landing of a military force would have been an atrocious offence against international morals. The bombardment of the forts was an act of self-defense on the part of the fleet. The invasion of Egypt by a military column for the avowed purpose of cutting off Arabi's retreat and forcing him to fight for his life would have been a glaring act of war, when hostilities had not been declared and Europe was striving to promote the ends of peace.

This, we suppose, is the distinction made by Mr. Gladstone in the speech which has been imperfectly reported in the cable dispatches. When the full text comes by mail it will probably explain itself, and captious criticism based upon one of the Premier's complex sentences will fall to the ground. Meanwhile, we urge upon our correspondent's attention the reflection that the invasion of Egypt by a foreign army was an undertaking fraught with momentous consequences and not to be entered upon without premeditation nor in utter disregard of European law. Mr. Gladstone has undoubtedly wasted time in watching the drift of events at Cairo, and in dallying with the Pachas and Ambassadors at Constantinople. Vigorous action taken months ago would have implied keen discernment and practical wisdom. But it was morally right to exhaust the forces of diplomacy before deciding upon military intervention. This course enables England to justify her action on the highest grounds. The supreme interests of civilization demand that war shall not be waged until it has been proved to be necessary and unavoidable.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The *Watchman* grows more comical with each issue. The latest political conclusion it has come to is that the editor of the *Republican*, having been born in New England, is thereby debarred from the right of advising Republicans not to make fools of themselves by voting for Pattison. Now this is certainly a novel and wonderful charge, and could only have originated in the brain of a man whose disposition is somewhat vinegary. However, we shall continue to advise the people to work for the defeat of the young office-seeker from Maryland by voting for Gen. James A. Beaver, his superior in every particular.

It requires about as many rules and laws to keep the Democracy of Centre county from cheating each other at their primary elections and county conventions as the Republicans required in squelching the southern Democratic rebellion and in reconstructoin after the war was over. When we consider that the rules and laws were passed in pursuance of the effect of Meek's famous Lytle-Chambers' letter, by which he cheated Judge Orvis out of a legislative nomination, we are not surprised that so much law is now promulgated.

May be by some piece of rare good fortune the river and harbor bill will fail, though it is almost too much to hope for. Congress ought to provide for the vetoing of sections of an appropriation bill without endangering the whole bill. They have a rule of this sort in New York, and it has saved the people of that state millions of dollars. Under present regulations the president is often forced to sign a bill that contains many needless and extravagant appropriations because it provides also for things needful, and the evil cannot be destroyed without carrying the good with it.

It appears from the comments of our esteemed Democratic contemporaries that the only candidate in Pennsylvania for Governor is our fellow townsman, General Beaver, which ought to insure his election beyond a doubt.

One of the documents laid before congress by the secretary of war tells the cost of Indian hostilities for the past ten years. Without reckoning incidental expenses, the immediate extra cost of the Sioux war of 1876–7 was $1,894,361; that of the Nez Perce war of 1877 was $975,082; that of the Bannock war the year following, was $567,571; that of the Cheyenne war is put at $34,209, but this seems an underestimate; while the subjugation of the Utes cost $1,192,682. Here are over four and a half millions expended within the space of four years for Indian hunting. The cost of the troops west of the Mississippi, as distinguished from those employed in Atlantic, Gulf and Lake garrisons, has been, in ten years, $205,474,759. In fact, four-fifths of the troops are employed beyond the Mississippi all the cavalry, all the Indian scouts, twenty-four out of twenty-five regiments of infantry and a portion of the artillery. General Drum adds to the foregoing figures items of transportation, horses and other expenses, making the total cost of the troops west of the Mississippi, in ten years, $223,891,264.

The message from the Queen announcing the calling out of the reserves is an indication that the British government properly appreciates the gravity of the situation in the East, and that England is not this time making the mistake of underestimating the strength of her adversary. It is possible that Arabi may be suppressed and the insurrection beaten down without any great difficulty, but there is an equal possibility that the insurgents may be in a position to offer a desperate and formidable resistance. There is great uncertainty as to the force which Arabi commands, and were the English to meet with any serious reverse at the beginning of the struggle, the moral effect upon the Mohammedan people would be most disastrous. A victory by Arabi at this juncture would confirm the wavering and strengthen the weak hearted, and bring thousands of recruits to his standard. England is wise to forbear to strike until she can do so with crushing force.

Eye-witnesses of the last massacre at Alexandria have a frightful account to give of the atrocities perpetrated by the residents upon such foreign residents of that city as were so unfortunate as to fall into their power. Compared with some of the cruelties committed, mere murder is almost a venal offence. Only in a country where the benignant and humanizing influence of the Christian religion has not been felt could the commission of such outrages as those described be possible, and the horror with which they are regarded by Christian people constitutes in itself the most cogent and impressive evidence of the vast value to the world of the faith of Christendom. As the Bible has it, the dark places of the earth are full of cruelty, and all those places are dark upon which the unobstructed light of the Gospel has not yet shone.

There are already five tickets in the field in this state—regular republican, independent republican, democratic, prohibition and greenback. One would suppose that every voter in the state could find satisfactory candidates from among these tickets. But there is to be another one. Some people claiming to represent the labor element of the state have called a convention to meet in Philadelphia on the 28th of August, the purpose of which is to put a labor ticket in the field. There is nothing like it. If anybody else feels like starting a new party let him go to work at once. This seems to be the acceptable year for political side shows.

The death of Senor Guardia, who for twelve years has been the quasi-President of Costa Rica, is no great loss to that Republic. Guardia was a man of energy and ambition, but he was no statesman, and his relation to Costa Rica for some time past has been analogous to that of the Old Man of the Sea to Sinbad the Sailor.

Virginia duelists should use toy pistols. They are surer than the common revolver.

All the Democratic papers are shocked at what they call the indiscretion of Chairman McKee in writing that long letter to Dr. Lytle, and they are telling him what a mistake he has committed. The Harrisburg *Patriot* feels so bad about it that it sorrowfully exclaims: "Somebody ought to cut off the point of Chairman McKee's pen. It is entirely too facile in the hands of an inexperienced Independent." The chairman has performed that duty himself; he will write no more long letters. If the Democrats still intend to run the annex, called the Independent party, they must install a more discreet chairman. McKee's days of usefulness to the Democrats are over. He has committed political "hari-kari."

The Chinese Ambassador, who has just returned from Europe, in speaking about the Chinese immigration law still hopes with a great exhibition of rare politeness that injustice will not be done. But he is reluctantly obliged to admit that the act seems to force the United States to prevent Chinese laborers from passing through this free country on their way home. Notwithstanding their proverbial courtesy, it is very possible that the Chinese Government may do and say a great many unpleasant things to us before ten years have passed away.

It is announced from Chicago that western cattle are beginning to arrive in that city in large numbers. Advices from the plains are all to the effect that the cattle were never in better condition at this stage of the year, and that the number to be marketed is much larger than ever before. It is true that the plains are a goodly distance away from us but it is scarcely too much to hope that the people of the East will speedily share with their brethren of the West in the blessing of cheap beef.

One of the standing complaints against the Chinese has been their filthy habits. The evidence is beginning to show that they are cleanly people compared with the Hungarians who are flocking to these shores. On every side we hear of their extreme filthiness which produces contagious diseases of the most horrible nature, rendering them a terror to the communities in which they settle. They ought to be driven out at once. Very few of them are voters as yet.

Farmers are never satisfied for very long at a time. If it is not one thing then it is another, but there is generally something to complain of. A few weeks ago they were having too much rain and not enough sun. Now the grievance is reversed, and they are telling doleful stories about the damage that is being done by the protracted drought. Yet it does not follow that the harvest will be a failure.

The Democrats find that their young Marylander will not fill the bill for governor, and scores of them are now cursing the luck that caused them to sacrifice Hopkins. But they must remember that Democracy is nothing if it does not commit a blunder in some movement, and it now appears very plainly that that blunder was in nominating a son of "My Maryland" for governor.

There are some indications that the tenure of power of the present French ministry will be brief. There is a strong war party in France who are not only anxious to have a hand in the Egyptian war but who would have no objection to trying conclusions with Germany. The leader of this party is M. Gambetta, and a change of ministry would probably bring him to the front again.

Forest fires have again broken out in Michigan, and are causing great destruction in that unlucky State. Every one will be sorry to hear that, but with the regret will be mingled a feeling of surprise that forest fires should still be possible in Michigan, after last year's conflagration.

GENERAL NOTES.

Queen Victoria sometimes gets as many as 40 telegrams in a day.

Alligator fat is now used for cooking purposes in some parts of Florida.

It is estimated that Christie & Manson, the auctioneers, will clear $75,000 on the Hamilton sale.

The Republicans of the first congressional district of Minnesota have nominated Milo White for congress.

Christian Girardin, heir to $80,000, was found on Wednesday working as a farm hand near Baltimore, Md.

The forest fires near Plymouth, Mass., are still raging with great fury, and have extended some five miles in a northerly direction.

Franklin Simmons, the sculptor, is at work in his studio in Rome, Italy, on a colossal statue of the late Oliver P. Morton, of Indiana.

The Governor of Iowa has distributed $28,244, contributed from various sources, for the relief of the sufferers by the cyclone in that State.

A cloud of flies so swarmed about the steeple of a church in Detroit the other day as to produce the appearance of smoke, and the fire engines were called out.

The venders of an electric cure-all in England are making a great display of a testimonial signed, "George Thornburgh, Speaker of the House of Representatives."

The Rev. Noah Parks, colored, was caught stealing corn, at Winchester, Miss. A mob hanged him, but went away before he was dead, and his wife saved his life by cutting him down.

The Attorney-General of Tennessee has decided that the matrimonial associations and nuptial guides in that State are illegal, and has ordered their prosecution by the district attorneys.

There is an apricot tree in Fresno county, Cal., that measures sixty inches around the trunk three feet from the ground. It is estimated that there is not less than a ton of fruit on the tree.

In the United States circuit court at Boston on Wednesday a decision was rendered setting aside the verdict in the case of a man convicted of passing coins through which holes had been drilled.

The Greenback-Labor convention of New York, in session at Albany on Wednesday adopted a platform and nominated a State ticket, headed by Epenetus Howe, of Tompkins county, for governor.

Upward of 13,000,000 letters and post-cards are posted daily in the world: 3,418,000,000 letters are annually distributed in Europe, 1,246,000,000 in America, 76,000,000 in Asia, 36,000,000 in Australia, and 11,000,000 in Africa.

Reports from 293 points in the country traversed by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad and its branches state that there is "a large wheat yield, a half crop of corn, and the largest oat crop ever known."

The German teachers' association commenced its sessions in Buffalo, New York, on Wednesday and elected officers, with Herman Schuricht, of Chicago, as president. The convention will be in session about three days.

The Supreme Court of Iowa rules that a police officer is guilty of manslaughter if he strikes a prisoner a fatal blow with a club, to defeat an attempt to escape, unless the officer has reason to believe that he is in danger of great bodily harm or loss of life.

Hugh McCann, a laboring man of Albany has been in the habit of sleeping with his right arm under him. Tuesday morning he awoke and discovered that that arm was paralyzed, and the surgeon tells him that it is doubtful if he ever regains the use of it.

A writer on France in 1816 says "the best claret is made on a farm called La Fite, which is not large, and can furnish but a small portion of the wine sold under that name. People say that the quality of the fruit differs on the adjoining ground even close to the partition fence."

The builders of the Alaska are constructing a vessel to eclipse even her performances. The Oregon is to be 500 feet between perpendiculars, 54 feet beam, and about 40 feet moulded depth, indicated horse power 13,000; consumption about 220 tons per day on very full steaming.

In the Alexandria palace station, London, exactly over the place where the locomotives stop and belch forth their smoke, sparrows have built their nests. The station master recently abstracted the eggs in one of the nests and replaced them by canaries' eggs, with the result that canaries have been hatched.

An International Congress of Church Music is to be held at Arezzo, in Tuscany, and the occasion will be taken to unveil a monument to the memory of Guido of Arezzo, a Benedictine monk, who died in 1050, and to whom is partly due the invention of the musical notation as is still used.

A man over 80 years old applied for a marriage license at Kingston, Ontario. When asked the name of the woman whom he was to wed, he said he had not yet made a choice, but was looking around, and did not wish any delay for formalities after selecting one. He went away disappointed.

Two Denver boys, having read about kidnapping, stole a wealthy woman's pet dog and wrote a letter demanding $25 for its return. If she did not leave the money in a specified spot they declared they would send her every day an inch of the precious brute's tail. Being easily caught, they proved to be Sunday school pupils of good standing.

A Louisville saloon keeper sued a customer for drinks. The justice asked him if he had kept an account. He had. Would he bring it into court? He would. After a few minutes' absence he lugged in a door, on which the drinker's debt was recorded in chalk, each long mark meaning a ten-cent drink and each short mark a five-cent drink. It was admitted as evidence.

Poetry.

AS THE WIND BLOWS.

The wind blows north, the wind blows south,
The wind blows east and west;
No matter how the free wind blows,
Some ship will find it best;
Some one out on the wide wide sea
Shouts with a happy air;
"Ho! shipmates, ho! set all sails,
The wind is blowing fair!"

One ship sails out into the east,
Another to the west;
One has to struggle fierce and hard,
By wind and waves oppressed,
Under bare masts, tossed to and fro,
By rain and salt spray wet;
The other flies before the gale
With all her white sails set.

"O wind, O wind, why dost thou blow,
And out to ocean roar,
When I would steer my little bark
Toward some pleasant shore?
What honor will it be to thee
If down beneath the wave
My simple craft and I shall find
A cold forgotten grave?"

"O foolish one, why wilt thou steer
Against the mighty gale?
There are ten thousand ships afloat
Besides thy tiny sail.
If thou would float o'er the pleasant seas,
Oppose my will no more;
When I blow shoreward, then do thou
Sail also to the shore.

"Yet if thy will with mine must strive,
Do then the best thou can;
Against my might set all thy skill,
And fight me like a man;
Stand by the wheel, steer steadily,
Keep watch above, below;
Such hearts will make the ports they seek,
No matter what winds blow."

—*Harper's Weekly.*

—She wears a most bewitching bang—
Gold curls made captive in a net;
Her dresses with precision hang;
Her hat observes the stylish set.

Her phrases all are fraught with slang,
The very latest she can get;
She sings the songs that Patience sang
Can whistle airs from "Olivette."

Her heart has never felt love's pang,
Nor known a momentary fret.
Want never wounds her with his fang;
She likes to run papa in debt.
Such are the words which well describe
The average Bellefonte coquette.

—They lingered at the garden gate,
The moon was full above;
He took her darling hand in his
And softly told his love.

From out the chamber window popped
A grizzly, night-capped head;
A hoarse voice yelled: "You, Susan Jane,
Come in and go to bed!"
And that was all—it was enough.
The young man wildly fled.

—Yes, he went to church one day,
With some money—by the way,
He'd been saving from his pay—
Precious "rocks."

But she sat across the aisle,
And she sunned him with a smile,
So he placed his little pile
In the box.

—Oh, say, can you see by the dawn's early light,
And also throughout the long hours of each day,
That if you would live consistent and right,
If you would climb the golden stair
And be an angel when you're there,
All honest debts it would be well to pay?

Our Story Teller.

A Family Quarrel.

Mr. John Thompson came down to breakfast rosy and airy, and looking as happy as any reasonable man might desire. His wife sat smiling at the head of the table and his little daughter, Maude Amelia, on one side. Mrs. Thompson smilingly poured out the coffee; and then, with a pensive look remarked: "I was at Madame Robinett's yesterday, looking at the spring bonnets"—a slight shadow passed over Thompson's face—"the loveliest things I have ever beheld, and so cheap."

"Ah!" said Thompson, absently munching a cress.

"And then I just stepped into Field & Foster's" resumed Mrs. Thompson, "and there was brocaded spring silk—rosebuds on a dark ground. I thought I would go right over and get it to-day before it is snapped up by some one else. It's only thirty five dollars."

Thompson winced. He began to understand about the true inwardness of the early spring chicken and cresses.

"My dear couldn't you wait awhile? I have just at this time a pressing use for every dollar that I can command. Next week—"

Just here the dood bell rang, and Maude Amelia jumped down from her high chair and and ran to answer it.

"It's your letters and papers, papa!" she cried, holding them up; 'and one of 'em smells so nice; just like mamma's pretty bottles on her bureau."

Thompson looked at the missive in question. So did his wife; and she noticed that it was a lady's handwriting, and directed to "Mr. John Thompson."

She watched him as he glanced over the first few lines. Then he looked at the signature, smiled—a constrained and furtive smile—and folding the note, without finishing it, glanced at his wife, colored a little and slipped it under the papers beside his plate.

"Who is that perfumed envelope from?" inquired his wife.

"Why, a sort of business note, he answered, indifferently.

"From a lady?" said Mrs. Thompson, suspiciously.

"Yes—from a lady," he answered, reluctantly.

"What business can a lady have with you?"

"Only a little private business matter. I will tell you in a day or two. Why," glancing up at the clock, and then consulting his watch, "It's later than I thought by ten minutes. I must hurry."

And he did hurry, and in his haste went up stairs for something he had forgotten, leaving the letter on the table.

Mrs. Thompson did not allow the opportunity to pass unimproved. She listened till she heard her husband on the top stair, and then, drawing forth the perfumed note, hurriedly opened it, and read as follows:

"Dear J.:—Where were you last evening? I looked for you all the time but in vain. Romeo and Juliet were lovely. Romeo reminded me of you. Thanks for your lovely lilies! Do you remember what you said to me on Tuesday while eating ice cream on the balcony! Well, I have thought it all over, and conclude that it will be the best, after all Come this evening early, and we will make arrangements. Toddy has gone away. Nobody at home but L—and I. Yours only, K."

Thompson was heard coming down stairs. His wife hastily slipped the note under the letters and disappeared by another door. He put the papers in his pocket and went away.

When Thompson came home that evening he found his wife, nicely dressed and smiling, in the parlor. He thought, after awhile, that there was something unusual about her. She looked nervous and excited, and rocked her chair very fast as she knitted the baby's carriage blanket, dropping a stitch now and then.

"What's the matter, Maggie? Aren't you well?" he inquired, standing before the fire and looking down at her.

"Oh, yes—perfectly well!" she replied, with a toss of her head and dropping two stitches.

Thompson sat down and unfolded his evening paper. Then his wife looked up with a smile.

"Going to the theatre to night?"

"No; there's nothing much worth seeing, and you know I don't generally care about it."

"Don't you indeed? Thought you liked Romeo and Juliet?"

"They had that last night. Hamlet to-night, I believe," said Thompson, glancing at his paper. "Would you like to go."

"I go? No, indeed!" with another toss, and dropping three more stitches.

Thompson began to read the report of the Queen of England's speech to the parliament. Mrs. Thompson's speech broke in upon it:

"Was it pleastant at the club" (deep, sarcastic emphasison "club") "Tuesday night?"

"Very; some capital songs and speeches."

"Oh, no doubt. Some very agreeable speeches. He, he! And it was cool and pleasant on the balcony?"

"What balcony?"

He was looking at her with eyes a little wilder than usual; and she thought she had him now. He might pretend ignorance and innocence, but he could not deceive her again. No, indeed!

"What's the price of lilies?" she inquired, fixing her eyes upon him as though they had been a pair of skewers to pierce his conscience through and through.

"Lilies? I really don't know."

"Oh, the consummate hypocrite! the cold blooded deceiver," she thought. But she only remarked, sarcastically:

"Ice cream is good."

Thompson turned a little pale as he looked at her. She perceived this, and gave a triumphant, hysterical giggle.

"Maggie, my dear," said Mr. Thompson, gently laying aside his paper, and speaking in a fluttering voice.

"Oh, yes! I'm your, am I? 'Yours only,' of course. He, he! Oh, my! He, he, he!"

Thompson was white now. He sat for a moment looking intently at his wife, then started up and seized his hat and gloves.

"Where are you going?" inquired Mrs. Thompson, with sudden forced calmness, while her eyes glittered ominously.

The thought came like an inspiration, and she at once proceeded to act upon it.

When Thompson returned, in about ten minutes, with the family physician, he was met in the hall by the bewildered Mary. Her mistress was at the top of the stairs looking down on them and listening.

"Oh, sir, missus is in such a way! She's packing up all her things and going to run away, and carry the precious children along with her."

"I told you so, doctor," said Thompson, with a look of agony. She's entirely out of her mind. Can nothing be done for her?"

"Before I see your wife," said the doctor, deliberately, "describe to me as well as you can how this sudden attack came on. Have you observed any symptoms before this evening?"

"Never."

"Has anything occurred during the day to excite or affect her?"

"Not that I know of. At breakfast she was as well as usual except—Ah, stay! she was a little worried by my not being able to supply her at once with money for a spring bonnet and dress—"

"Ah," said the doctor, knowingly; "two such cases in the Midland asylum. Anything else?"

"Nothing, except—Yes, there was a little vexation about a letter."

"A letter?" said the doctor, looking interested.

"Nothing of importance. I happened to receive a letter, which, upon opening, I discovered to be intended for quite another person—young John Thompson, of Cresswell & Co. It was from a lady friend, and I, of course, could not gratify Mrs. Thompson's curiosity in regard to it and she seemed vexed."

Mrs. Thompson crept away from the head of the stairs, and very quietly laid down upon the lounge. She looked pale but serene.

"How are you, dear?" inquired her husband, softly, seating himself by her side.

"A great deal better love. I must have had a nervous attack; but it's over now."

A few days thereafter the whole town was excited and triumphant over the elopement of young John Thompson, with the lovely Kate Lindsay, whose cruel and hardhearted brother, Todd, had opposed their union.

"I fully expected it," said Thompson, to his wife.

And then he told her all about the letter, which he said he had hastened to deliver to his namesake, for whom it had been intended.

"Why didn't you tell me this at once?" inquired Mrs. Thompson, reproachfully.

"Because, my dear, I know that you or any other woman, would have told it in confidence to a dozen friends, and so have spoiled the lovers' plan."

The Laborer Worthy of his Hire.

BURDETT'S COUNSEL TO HIS SON.

My son, when you hear a man growling and scolding because Moody gets $200 a week for preaching Christianity, you will perceive that he never worries a minute because Ingersoll gets $200 a night for preaching atheism. You will observe, that a man who is utterly shocked because Francis Murphy is paid $150 a week for temperance work, seems to think it all right when the barkeeper takes in more in a single day. The laborer is worthy of his hire, my boy, and he is just as worthy of it in the pulpit as he is on the stump. Is the man who is honestly trying to save your immortal soul worth less than the man who is only trying his level best to go to congress? Isn't Moody doing as good work as Ingersoll? Isn't John B. Gough as much the friend of humanity and society as the bartender? Do you want to get all the good in the world for nothing so that you may be able to pay a high price for the bad? Remember, my boy, the good things in the world are always the cheapest. Spring water costs less than corn whiskey; a box of cigars will buy two or three Bibles; a barrel of old brandy costs more than a barrel of flour; a "full hand" at poker often costs a man more in twenty minutes than his church subscription amounts to in three years; a State election costs more than a revival of religion; you can sleep in church every Sunday morning for nothing, if you're mean enough to dead beat your lodgings in that way, but a nap in a Pullman car costs you two dollars every time; fifty cents for the circus and a penny for the little ones to put into the missionary box; one dollar for the theater and a pair of old trousers, frayed at the ends, baggy as to the knees, and utterly bursted as to the dime for the Michigan sufferers; the dancing lady who tries to wear the skirts of her dress under her arms and the waist around her knees and kicks her slipper clear over the orchestra chairs every night gets $600 a week, and the city missionary gets $500 a year; the horse race scoops in $2,000 the first day, and the church fair last week, worked twenty-five or thirty of the best women in America nearly to death, and comes out $40 in debt—why, my boy, if you ever find yourself sneering or scoffing because once in a while you hear of a preacher getting a living, or even a luxurious salary, or a temperance worker making money, go out in the dark and feel ashamed of yourself, and if you don't feel above kicking a mean man, kick yourself. Precious little does religion and charity cost the old world, my boy, and when the money it does get is flung into its face, like a bone to a dog, the donor is not benefitted by the gift, and the receiver is not, and certainly should not, be grateful.

Crazed by the Non-Appearance of the Bridegroom.

More than forty years ago, in a village near Philadelphia, all arrangements had been made for a wedding on a grand scale. The guests were invited, the entertainment prepared, and the bride—a young girl of wealth and beauty—awaited the coming of her bridegroom; but he never came, and all these years his whereabouts have remained a mystery. The girl, crazed by grief and mortification, became a harmless but incurable lunatic; time, however, has softened the malady into a deep melancholy, although friends and relatives have passed away, one by one, the poor creature, now an aged woman with whitened hair and wrinkled skin, wanders alone through the halls of her old home, all arrayed in her bridal finery, buoyed up with the hope that her lover will one day return. The story is strange enough to savor of fiction, but an incident connected with it which happened a short time ago is suggestive of stern reality. A party of robbers, who had been breaking into houses in the neighborhood, made their way one night into the home of the poor old crazy woman. Her quick ears detected the steps, and stepping on to the platform of the first flight of stairs she greeted the thieves with these words:

"I have been waiting all these years, I am ready, come on." The men gave one glance at the figure in its faded satin robes, standing there with jeweled arms outstretched, and fled shrieking from the house,

During a late storm in Indiana a waterspout chased a railroad train. —Ex. This may be a numerous way of announcing that the train was chased by a temperance orator, who wanted to get aboard.

Getting Even with a Drummer.

"Is this seat engaged?" he asked of the prettiest girl in the car, and, finding it wasn't he put his sample box in the rack and braced himself up for solid enjoyment. "Pleasant day," said the girl, coming for him before he could get his tongue unkinked. "Most bewildering day, isn't it?" "Ye-yes, miss," stammered the drummer. He was in the habit of playing pitcher in this kind of a match, and the position of catcher didn't fit him as tight as his pantaloons. "Nice weather for traveling," continued the girl; "much nicer than when it was cold. Are you perfectly comfortable here?" "Oh! yes, thanks," murmured the drummer. Glad of it," resumed the girl cheerfully. "You don't look so. Let me put my shawl under your head, won't you? Hadn't you rather sit next to the window and have me describe the landscape to you." "No, please," he muttered: "I--I'm doing well enough."

"Can't I buy you some peanuts or a book! Let me do something to make the trip happy! Suppose I slip my arm around your waist! Just lean forward a trifle so I can!" "You'll—you'll have to excuse me!" gasped the wretched drummer. "I—don't think you really mean it!" "You look so tired," she pleaded. "Wouldn't you like to rest your head on my shoulder? No one will notice. Just lay your head right down and I'll tell you stories." "No—no, thanks I won't to-day! I'm very comfortable, thank you!" and the poor drummer looked around helplessly.

"Your scarf pin is coming out. Let me fix it. There!" and she arranged it deftly: "at the next station I'll get you a cup of tea, and when we arrive at our destination you'll let me call on you?" and she smiled an anxious prayer right up into his pallid countenance. "I think I'll go away and smoke," said the drummer, and hauling down his gripsack, he made for the door, knee deep in the grins showered around him by his fellow passengers.

"Strange!" murmured the girl to the lady in front of her. "I only did with him just what he was making ready to do with me, and, big and strong as he is, he couldn't stand it. I really think women have stronger stomachs than men, and, besides that, there isn't any smoking car for them to fly to for refuge. I don't understand this thing." But she settled back contentedly all the same; and at a convention of drummers held in the smoker that morning, it was unanimously resolved that her seat was engaged, so far as they were concerned, for the balance of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Wickle.

Old man Wickle and his wife, while wa king along the street going home from a mite society, engaged in a quarrel.

"I am not going with you any more, Samuel," said Mrs. Wickle. "You are too old a man to cut up the way you did to-night. The idea of an old man who has the rheumatism so bad that he can't put his socks on mornings, going to a mite meeting and cavorting and romping as you have done to-night! I say it's a shame.'

"I may have rheumatism," said the old man, "but I haven't got dyspepsia and I don't growl and snap at everybody. You have been growing worse for the last ten years. If you didn't have me to pick at I believe you'd die."

"I won't walk with a man that acts like a rhinoceros."

"How does a rhinoceros act?" asked the old man, thinking that he would catch her on natural history.

"Acts like a fool, that's how he acts," and Mrs. Wickle walked rapidly away, leaving the old man several paces behind. He finally caught up just as a young man came walking along.

"You are walking pretty fast," said the old gentleman.

His wife didn't say anything.

"It's clouding up," he remarked, "it must be going to rain."

The old lady made no reply, but the young man took in the situation.

"You old villain!" he exclaimed, addressing Mr. Wickle, "what do you mean by attempting to thrust your company upon a lady who does not want you? It's becoming too frequent for ladies to be insulted on the streets by loafers. Get back!"

The young man struck at Wickle. The old lady clubbed her umbrella, and exclaiming "that's my husband," gave the young man an undignified blow.

The old man encouraged at his wife's strike for the union, jumped on the young man and held him while the rattling ribs of the umbrella fell on the youth's head with a sound like the falling of hail stones.

"Samuel, no one can break up our domestic felicity," said his wife, after the battle.

"No, sir," said the old man. "When a man tries to destroy the domestic happiness of my household he catches my consolidated power of wrath.'

"Wife," said a New Haven man, impatiently, "Why do you let that child run around to-day so dirty, so much like a little monkey? I ran him into neighbor Jones' yard just now, the worst looking object I ever saw." "Was he over there, through?" was the responding inquiry. "Well, he'll pass for Mr. Jones' dirty brat so long as he is there. I'm not going to worry."

The Influence of a Great Example.

One communion Sunday an old Kentucky soldier, who had fought under Gen. Jackson at New Orleans, and knew what manner of a man he had been in his fighting days, attended the Hermitage church and saw the aged warrior kneel reverently before the altar. He was transfixed with astonishment. After the service was over he was observed to be unusually silent and thoughtful, and upon being questioned, related what he had seen. He concluded his narrative thus:

"When I saw the man who had fought armies, parties, cabinets, and never fought without conquering, get down on his knees in that church I says to myself, 'Well, when Gen. Jackson kneels, I tell you, boys I think it about time for me to knock under.'"

Four weeks after he had joined the church, and lived and died a pious and exemplary member.

Some men begin to be lucky when they are mere boys. A twenty-year-old boy shot at a cat in Leadville last week, but fortunately missed the cat and killed an influential citizen who was asleep in the back yard of a neighboring saloon. As the influential citizen happened to be a delegate from Texas, who had killed several men, and of whom the Leadville police had a holy horror, the joy of the citizens was great. The boy received an ovation. The Mayor made a neat little speech on presenting him with a gold-mounted revolver. As the boy expressed a desire to be reared for the ministry, a fund was raised to send him to a theological institute. Nothing has, however, been done for the cat.

We once suggested to a butcher that he put his scales where the customers could see the dial, not necessarily for publication, but merely as a pledge of good faith. "Oh, yes," he replied, scornfully. "I suppose after a while, when you buy a five-cent soup bone, you will expect me to put on my swallow-tail Sunday coat and my stovepipe hat, hire the finest hack in town and a brass band, go in procession to your shanty and deliver the soup bone." We assured him he was mistaken, that no such idea had ever entered our head; but we never afterward enriched him with any more suggestions how to acquire the esteem and respect of his fellow-citizens.

THE worst news that comes from Ireland is not about evictions, or assassinations, or repression bills. It is the threatened loss of the crops. A few weeks ago there was prospect of an abundant harvest, but continued heavy rains have beaten down the fields of growing grain and already have injured the potatoes, and even with a change to fair weather now there will be short crops in many parts of the country. The Irish get a scant subsistence from their land at best, and a failure of the crops means destitution and desperation that all the constabulary cannot cure.

A band of Arizona Indians recently captured a wagon-load of patent medicines, taking the contents of the bottles for a new kind of drink. When they got settled down again, so they could collect their thoughts, and reason, they concluded that they had made no error. It was a new kind of drink. And if the white men of that region had got so they could use that kind of beverage and like it, there was no use for the Indian to try to exterminate them.

S. J. P., Chattanooga, Tenn.. "I have a valuable hen that will insist on sitting on six eggs. How can I prevent her doing so?" We have referred your letter to our poultry critic. He says there are many ways to prevent your hen from engaging in sedentary pursuits on a capital of six eggs. He suggests that you add another egg—or that you use the eggs in a custard pie, but he says if you want a dead sure thing, boil the hen.

A bibulous parson was introduced to a lady who had been represented to him as quite a talented artist. He greeted her by saying: "I understand, madam, that you paint?" She started, blushed deeply, and recovering herself after a few seconds, said, with as much acidity of tone and style as she could command: "Well, if I do paint, I don't make any mistake and put it on my nose."

The rocks in New York harbor are to get another shaking up this summer. General Newton will give Hell Gate another hoist, and will use dynamite enough to crumble eleven acres of the obstructing rocks. They should be very careful or they will rack the old Atlantic's basin so badly that the corner will need some solder or a rag pulled through.

The Cincinnati Commercial says: "China is probably the only country in the world where red hair is held in honor." Don't know about that. A red-headed woman in this country is generally treated mighty civilly.

A critic who has written stories and failed to get them printed, can always tell a successful writer how his novels should have been constructed.

Grain is cradled when it is in the sere and yellow; man is cradled only in his yeller days.

Household hints—Pokers and broomsticks.

All Sorts.

The front door mat is always ready to scrape a new acquaintance.

Girls, like opportunities, are all the more to you after being embraced.

"Ida:" The best thing in bonnets continues to be as in the past—a pretty face.

The thrifty housewife never attains perfection, for she is always mending.

It is conquer or die with the good doctor; but the patient is expected to do the dying.

Woman's inhumanity to woman is outbalanced by her insane devotion to masculinity.

It didn't require much of a philosopher to discover that all rich widows are handsome.

Why is a piece of cheap flannel like a dirty man? Because they both shrink from washing.

The pig has sometimes been compared to a musical instrument. The corn-et seems to hit his case.

Doctors and mackerel have this in common: they are seldom caught out of their own schools.

One of Chicago's heaviest men is Leiter. He is going to build a four-million dollar hotel, which will make him lighter still.

That homely babies make the best looking folks is an adage as old time itself; but you dare not tell a mother her baby is homely.

An exchange thinks that Pittsburg will never make a success of glass shingles. There is no chance for the carpenters to waste nails.

A Dutch Judge in Nebraska on conviction of a culprit for having four wives, decided: "He has bunishment plenty: I lifs mit one!"

A New York doctor says there is an unusual amount of ozone in the atmosphere this year, but that's no excuse for a man to steal a fellow's umbrella.

Electricity and pneumatic tubes are taking the place of cash-boys in various cities. They don't talk back nor hide under counters to escape calls.

It is a quaint saying which needs no comment that "he who is an ass and takes himself to be a stag when he comes to leap the ditch finds out his mistake."

James Gordon Bennett is the richest bachelor in America, but that isn't what interests the young men of the land. They are looking for the richest old maid.

It is said that paper can be compressed into a substance so hard that only diamonds can scratch it. That will be the boss paper on which to print election tickets.

Time, midnight. She—"George, are you going to exhibit in the dog show?" He—"No: why?" She—"You are such a remarkably fine setter." Exit young man.

"What have you been doing since I last saw you?" "I've been attending a course of free lectures." "A course of free lectures!" "Yes, I was married a week after we parted."

A woman has suggested that when a man breaks his heart it is all the same as when a lobster breaks one of his claws, another sprouting immediately and growing in its place.

If you don't believe in the power of insect life, watch the velvety little bumble bee, with the tropical polonaise, and see him lift a two hundred pound picnic man out of the grass.

Oswego coopers have gone right along year after year making 100 barrels for $36, and it was only the other day that they discovered that the materials and labor were worth $38.05.

The New Orleans levees that are too low are not the tax levies which are as high as $3.70 on the hundred dollars. It bothers some of the property owners to keep their heads above water.

At a New York dinner one man gave his fork to another, with, "Just stick that fork into that potato for me, will you? His unneighborly neighbor did as he requested, and left it sticking there.

They were talking about beauty, the other evening, when Miss S. remarked: "Well, say what you will, homely people are almost always unusually bright." Miss B (sotto voce): "The egotist!"

Prof. Ball says the earth is not over 400,000,000 years old. No wonder so many of its mountains are bald, and not a single one of them is able to lift its foot. But all of them are still spry enough to slope.

A *Press* dispatch says that a man hit his wife on the head "with a hatchet under the influence of liquor." If George Washington had thought to make this excuse history would have lost a touching anecdote.

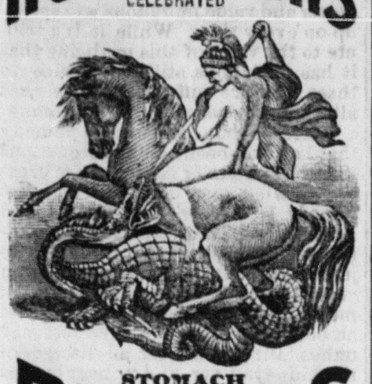
A shirt has two arms, the same as pantaloons have two legs. Yet one is called a pair and the other is only one. Isn't it time that we let up on astronomy, and paid more attention to the every day trifles that vex the clearest minds?

Aurelia wants to know if "she should give her hand where her heart cannot follow?" Thunder, no! Keep your hand and play it for all there is in it, heart or no heart. Lots of times when you haven't a shadow of a trump you can catch him on suit.

In Springfield they have a way of taking up a collection just before the clergyman reads his text. This plan works well to prevent people from leaving the church before the services are concluded, but it is noticed many worshippers come in late.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



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It is the concurrent testimony of the public and the medical profession, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicine which achieves results speedily felt, thorough and benign. Besides rectifying liver disorder, it invigorates the feeble, conquers kidney and bladder complaints, and hastens the convalescence of those recovering from enfeebling diseases. Moreover it is the grand specific for fever and ague.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

$66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk: Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLIET & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m&wly

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INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength nd security, at standard rates.

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Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

YOCUM & HARSHBERGER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office northeast corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 40-4w

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

L. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
L. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
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Representing a number of the Best and Safest compames. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.
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FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-11f

His Love.

It was evening in the country. The moonbeams peeped softly between the leaves of the pulseless elm, and kissed the song-birds lost in happy dreams. The rose and the lily were asleep; so were the parsnip and the string-bean, and all the amorous air was toned with languid scent to the sublime altitude of a swell drug store.

They were walking up the shady avenue from the village whither he had taken her to prove his boundless admiration and love at a five-cent soda-water fountain.

"No," he commenced, for he knew they were getting near the vine-clad cottage, and he hadn't much time to lose, "my love for you shall never wane, wilt or grow less. With you I shall go through life as tranquilly as over a placid moon-lit lake in a flat-bottom boat, with a virtouso at the stern playing the 'Old Folks at Home' on an accordeon. You are my evening star this evening and every other evening, and you shall have a seal-skin sacque every Christmas."

She clutched his ready-made coat—or rather its sleeve—in wild ecstacy of ineffable delight, while he continued: "You are the sweet particular idol of my life, and I shall take you to the circus next week. My love for you is as deep as the ice-man's cunning and the plumber's pocket, which like a spring, refills itself when drained. Mine is a wild enthusiastic passion that will withstand the rigors of arctic butcher and milliner. The strawberry vender may lose the cunning of the hand that arranges the meaner specimens below the large ones in the three-quarter pint measure which he guarantees to hold a quart, but my love you will never lose even if you bet on a horse race. Ah, yes, fair Ignomen, while life lasts you have in me a defender against all the trials and tribulations of this vexed, uncertain life. My love for you burns like a dollar in a poet's pocket; it also burns like yon snowy star, and not till that goes out—"

"It has just gone out," she broke in.

"Alas, too true!" he sighed. "I have been swearing by a Fourth of July balloon."

And he did not say another word until he good nighted at the gate.

M. Quad Fooled.

"Now when you reach Macon you go and see Col. Bank," they said to me at the *Constitution* office in Atlanta. "The Colonel knows everybody for miles around, and he'll post you on everything."

"Thanks."

"But he's a peculiar man," continued Grady. "You've got to strike him just right or he won't talk for shucks. He's strictly temperate, and yet you must take a flask along and ask him to drink. It's an old Southern custom, you know, and, while he won't touch a drop, he'll expect to be invited to. You can fill the flask with water, and he'll never know the difference."

When I reached Macon I arranged for a call on the Colonel. I bought a pint flask at a drug store, and told the clerk to fill it with something good to soothe a sore heel. I didn't ask him what it was, but a sniff or two convinced me that sweet oil and tar formed the greater portion. With this bottle in my pocket I entered the Colonel's office and told him who I was and what I wanted.

"Yes, sir; glad to see you—sit down," he replied, and as soon as he had sealed his letters he turned and begun:

"So you want to know what we can raise here, do you? Well, my boy, you can say everything—everything. We raise wheat, corn, oats, potatoes, yams, and—"

Just then he looked over to the water cooler, and I put in with—

"Say, Colonel, have a drop of something good, put up by the best house here."

"Thanks: that's just what I was hankering after!" he replied, as he held out his hand for the flask.

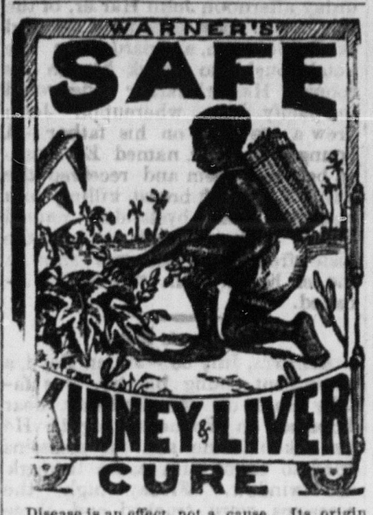
How I got out of there alive I can't remember, nor can I recollect what became of the bottle, but there is a whole newspaper staff in Atlanta who may look upon themselves as doomed men. The Colonel took his quart daily, and it was a put-up job to get hold of my dead body for a new medical college at Savannah.

Hat Flirtation.

The latest craze is the hat flirtation. It is too utterly utter, too intense. The following is the code: Wearing the hat squarely on the head, I love you madly; tipping over the right ear, my little brother has the measels; pulling it over the eyes, you must not recognize me; wearing it on the back of the head, ta! ta!; taking it off and brushing it the wrong way, my heart is busted; holding it out in the right hand, lend me a quarter; leaving it with your uncle, I have been to a church fair; throwing it at a policeman, I love your sister; using it as a fan, come and see my aunt; carrying a brick in it, your cruelty is killing me; kicking it up stairs, is the old man around; kicking it down stairs, where is your mother; kicking it across the street, I am engaged; hanging it on the right elbow, will call to-night; hanging it on the left elbow, am badly left; putting it on the ground and sitting on it, farewell forever.

No woman ever answers a call by telephone without smoothing down her hair, working up a smile and trying to make a good impression on the transmitter.

Medical.



Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

95 Per Cent.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and connections said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.
Rochester, N. Y.

New Life

is given by using BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. In the Winter it strengthens and warms the system; in the Spring it enriches the blood and conquers disease; in the Summer it gives tone to the nerves and digestive organs; in the Fall it enables the system to stand the shock of sudden changes.

In no way can disease be so surely prevented as by keeping the system in perfect condition. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ensures perfect health through the changing seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

> *Gentlemen:* I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and *insist* on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "*just as good.*" The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

There is no excuse for suffering from

CONSTIPATION

and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of

DR. HENRY BAXTER'S

MANDRAKE BITTERS

Will give immediate relief.

After constipation follows

Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the *cause*. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being **tonic** and **mildly purgative** they

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Price 25 cts. per bottle.

For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.

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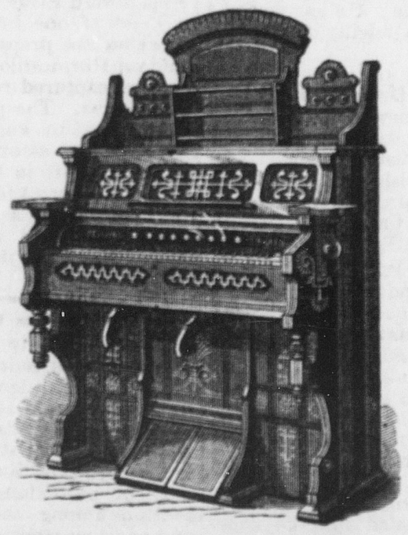

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Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best medicines known are combined in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, into a medicine of such varied and effective powers, as to make it the Greatest Blood Purifier and Kidney Corrector and the

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It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, and all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Urinary Organs, and all Female Complaints.

If you are wasting away with Consumption or any disease, use the TONIC to-day. It will surely help you.

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Parker's Hair Balsam.

An elegant, agreeable Hair Dressing that **Never Fails to Restore Gray or Faded Hair** to its Youthful Color. 50c. and $1 sizes.

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Because they possess all the merit of the strengthening porous plaster, and contain in addition thereto the newly discovered powerful and active vegetable combination which acts with increased rubefacient, stimulating, sedative and counter irritant effects.

Second.
Because they are a genuine pharmaceutical preparation, and so recognized by the profession.

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Because they are the only plasters that relieve pain at once.

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Because they will positively cure diseases which other remedies will not even relieve.

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Because over 5000 physicians and druggists have voluntarily testified that they are superior to all other plasters or medicines for external use,

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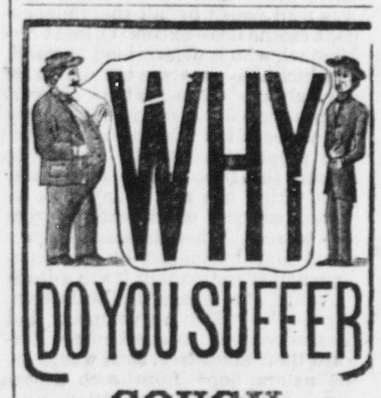

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MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12lin'thistp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Independents.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The independent state committee met at 11 o'clock with a very good representation of the counties and with open doors to the press. John Stewart, candidate for governor, was present. After being called to order a letter was read signed by all the independent candidates—except Colonel McMichael, who is determined to stand, in which they analyze the action of the stalwarts' claim that the stalwart propositions for harmony are simply variations of the original and distinctive proposition of Mr. Cooper to submit the two tickets to popular tests, which has not at any time received serious consideration from any source. Whether seriously proposed may be judged by the concurrent declaration that it was a death blow upon the enemy in the interest of peace by which his prospects had been advanced. As a scheme to forward their candidacy, such would be the natural hope from such a purpose. But such a proposition misconceived the central purpose of our organization, which is not a contest for personal ascendancy, but the overthrow of boss rule and the uprooting of the spoils system. They then reaffirm their adherence to the principles adopted by the Philadelphia convention of May 24, and then place their resignation at the disposal of the state committee in order that it may act without restraint.

The committee then formally rejected all four of the stalwart propositions, and framed an answer.

The Nebraska Census.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The subcommittee of the house committee on judiciary, charged with the investigation of the circumstances connected with the presentation to the committee of the statement purporting to give the census of the state of Nebraska for 1872, upon which the committee based its report to the house in favor of seating Majors as an additional representative from that state, held a meeting to-day for the purpose of taking further testimony. In response to a call from the sub-committee copies of several telegrams which had been received by Majors on the 18th and 21st of February last were submitted, showing that he was officially informed that there was no official census taken in the state during the year 1872. Notwithstanding this the committee was allowed to work on the fraudulent census statement until April, when its report in favor of Majors was submitted to the house.

Spinners Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 28.—The thirty-two spinners at the Slade mills struck to-day, being dissatisfied with the weighing of yarn. The boxes in which it is weighed originally weighed six pounds each, but have become reduced in weight by breakage and repairs, though six pounds are still deducted for each. The strike is unauthorized by the union, which will try to effect a settlement.

Attempt at Assassination.

DUBLIN, July 27.—A desperate but unsuccessful attempt was made today to assassinate the recorder of Dublin at the Green street court house. A tutor named Fitzpatrick, who was nonsuited as plaintiff on a civil bill process, fired at the recorder with a revolver in open court, but fortunately he was seized by the defendant and a policeman. Fitzpatrick is believed to be temporarily insane. The revolver missed fire and did not discharge as was first reported.

The Draft Swindler.

SCRANTON, July 28.—Louis Randolph, the famous draft swindler, who secured thousands of dollars in Philadelphia obtained two drafts there to day, one on the National park bank and one on the Hanover national bank of New York. Both banks have been notified. There have been no arrests.

News from Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, July 27.—An official telegram from the rebel government, dated Cairo, July 26, says: Armaments continue on an extensive scale. Volunteers are arriving from upper and lower Egypt. Some chiefs of the Bedouins who, prior to the bombardment, were known as partisans of the Khedive, have promised fidelity, and all the best class of Musselmans, including the princes and princesses of the khedive's family now in Cairo, are aiding the government. The ladies formed a committee for the preparation of lint.

The British have been defeated in two engagements, retreating with forty killed.

A tremendous fire started in Alexandria at 2 o'clock this morning. As seen from the harbor the fire seems to be larger than any since the bombardment.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—The sultan has decided to denounce Arabi Pasha as a traitor. The sultan received Dervish Pasha on his return from Egypt very coldly, and complained that he did not persuade Admiral Seymour to delay the bombardment.

ALEXANDRIA, July 27.—Arabi Pasha has written to the sultan as follows: "I trust it is false that, as the enemies of Islam assert, Ottoman troops are coming to Egypt, as I should have to oppose them by force."

LONDON, July 28.—A dispatch dated at Alexandria, 12.45 this afternoon, says that a sound of heavy firing was heard in the direction of Aboukir fort. Arabi Pasha sent a train to the junction, and an armed engine and tender were sent out to meet it. A few shots were exchanged.

An unconfirmed report received at London states that Arabi Pasha has proposed terms of peace, the conditions being voluntary exile and retention of the rank and pay of a colonel for himself and nine of his colleagues. It is added that the khedive had submitted the proposal to General Archibald Allison.

It is believed this step has been taken at the instigation of the sultan. The report has caused a rise in Egyptian stocks.

ALEXANDRIA, July 28.—A loyal native has just arrived from Cairo who states that numbers of natives dressed in European clothes and wearing helmets have been paraded through the streets as captured British.

Lord Charles Beresford states that without the assistance of the American marines he would have been unable to discharge the numerous duties of suppressing the fires, preventing looting, burying the dead and clearing the streets.

The bombardment of Aboukir has been postponed.

3 50 p. m.—A strong expedition will stand this evening to seize and occupy a position on the railway within two miles of Arabi Pasha's camp.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28.—The rumors that Arabi Pasha has declared he would resist the Turkish forces are untrue. He has renewed his assurance of fidelity to the sultan.

At a meeting of the conference yesterday Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador, renewed his proposal for the issue of a proclamation declaring Arabi Pasha a rebel. Said Pasha, the Turkish prime minister, thought such a proclamation should not be issued until the Turkish troops landed in Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, July 29.—The British this morning blew up a large powder magazine at Mekherroni, from which it was said Arabi Pasha had recently taken stores. The fort at Gabari was also destroyed this morning. There appears to be some doubt as to whether a bombardment of the forts will take place, it being supposed that prisoners held by the Egyptians are confined therein. General Sir Garnet Wolseley, who has been designated to take command of the British forces in Egypt, is rather seriously indisposed. Osman Pasha Rifki, and twenty-six Circassian officers, who were implicated in the recent plot to assassinate Arabi Pasha, arrived here to-day from Constantinople, having been summoned by telegraph by the khedive. They were received with great ceremony. Two armed parties started to-night from the Alexandria passenger station and the Gabari goods depot to repair the railroad cut by the rebels on the Alexandria side of Mahalla Junction. Major Gordon has been appointed chief of police, vice Lord Charles Beresford. Cherif Pasha has arrived here.

It is stated that the reports of Arabi Pasha's intention to offer terms of surrender are entirely unfounded. Very little confidence can be placed in the correspondents at Alexandria. All important probabilities are carefully hidden from them. An examining party approached the forts at Aboukir this morning. The Egyptians made ready to fire and the English retired abruptly. The government has little information of the progress of Arabi's affairs. They are not sanguine that he will surrender. The only terms will be banishment for himself and officers, disbandment of the bulk of his troops and punishment of all suspected of complicity in the alleged massacre.

A Newspaper's Opinion.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The *Post* to-morrow will say concerning the action of the president upon the river and harbor bill: "We have positive information that the bill will be returned to the house tomorrow with the president's signature. This approval will be qualified however, with the statement that the president will use his discretion in ordering the beginning on the less consequential improvements provided for in the measure."

River and Harbor Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The prevailing opinion here to-night is that the river and harbor bill will be vetoed. Prominent senators who saw the president to-day and talked with him on the subject received the impression that he would return the bill without his approval, and that he would do so on account of the large appropriations which it makes for the improvement of the Mississippi and for other works of unquestionable national importance, but on account of the great number of special appropriations contained therein for improvements whose national utility is thought to be at least doubtful. This view, however, of the president's opinion and intentions is not taken by all. It is asserted by some that he will approve the bill, but that in doing so he will take occasion to call the attention of congress to the fact that the present session is already far advanced; that work upon many of the contemplated improvements can hardly be more than began this year, and that the sums appropriated therefor will be adequate to carry on operations even if no river and harbor bill be passed at the next session of congress; that in short the present bill will answer for two years.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—There is much speculation here to-night as to the action the president will take upon the river and harbor bill, but there is little if any information upon which a positive prediction can be based. Two members of the cabinet said after the adjournment of the cabinet meeting this afternoon that "no action with regard to this bill had been decided upon," and one of them added that so far as he was personally concerned he really did not know and had no means of knowing what the president would finally decide to do with the bill. Members of the house commerce committee who talked with the president upon the subject this afternoon, came away with a strengthened conviction that the bill would be opposed, although they admitted that no definite assurance had been given them to that effect. It is thought by many well informed persons that the president will sign the bill, but will nevertheless avail himself of his discretionary power in regard to directing the expenditure of the various amounts appropriated by it within the period that they can be allowed to remain unexpended without lapsing into the general funds of the treasury.

Arizona Advices.

TUCSON, Arizona, July 30.—The following special advices have been received from Guaymas Sonora: From a courier just arrived from the District of Sahauyripa it is learned that in that district the Apaches have killed twenty citizens and are still committing depredations and massacreing inhabitants. General Rees has left Hermosillo with a large force of regulars and gone toward Elvas, where it is said a band of one hundred and fifty Apaches are preparing to make a raid on Hormosillo to liberate their squaws captured recently by General Garcia. The people of Sonora are rejoiced to know that General Crook is to assume command of military affairs in Arizona and feel that this means the subjugation of the Apaches. A convict soldier lately empressed into the service was shot here on the 2d instant for desertion.

No Politics in Theirs.

NEW YORK, July 30.—At a central labor union meeting held to-day a resolution was offered, declaring the movement by the so-called workingmen's assembly for holding a labor state convention at Buffalo on September 12, to be an attempt on the part of politicians to create dissensions among the labor element and advising labor organizations to remain away. After a lengthy discussion it was tabled. The president of the freight handlers said he hoped to have Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll deliver a lecture for the strikers and General Butler deliver an address on the subject of the strike.

The Iron Workers.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 30.—The Pittsburgh delegates and those from the east left this afternoon for Chicago where the seventh annual meeting of the national lodge of the Amalgamated Iron and Steel Workers' association will be held commencing on Thursday. Two hundred and fifty delegates will be present, and it is generally believed that action will be taken which will have an important bearing on the great iron strike. The officers of the association deny this, however, and say that the only power that can deal with the strike is a delegate convention called for that purpose.

Annie Parnell Dangerously Ill.

DUBLIN, July 28.—Miss Anna Parnell is dangerously ill of brain fever brought on by the news of the sudden death of her sister Fannie last week. The doctors entertain slight hopes of her recovery. Mr. Charles S. Parnell, her brother, has been telegraphed for.

Successful Strikers.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 28.—The strike of miners at Kehley run colliery, at Shendandoah, since last Tuesday for an advance of twenty-five cents per day, terminated to-day by the operators acceding to the demand of the men.

Nearing the End.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 28.—Camp Burnside is almost deserted this evening, though several hundred remain to enjoy the closing scenes around the camp fire.

Losing His Life.

STEUBENVILLE, O., July 30.—Saturday afternoon John Harter, of the St. Charles hotel, becoming enraged at Dr. Johnson, a boarder in the hotel, sought to attack him in his rooms. Harter's father endeavored to pacify him, whereupon John drew a revolver on his father. A younger brother, named Ed., rushed between them and received the bullet in the left breast, killing him instantly. A bystander named Josiah Salmon, tried to take the pistol from John and was shot in the left hand. John was finally arrested.

A Lover's Fate.

ATLANTA, July 30.—Julian Boyd, a prominent young planter, was fatally shot on the highway near Thomson on Wednesday night. He was taken home and the assassins tried to shoot him again through the window. Friday night the assassins were tracked and three brothers named Martin have been arrested. Boyd failed to fulfill his promise to marry Miss Georgia, a sister of the Martin boys. Boyd is reported dead.

Bloodshed Feared.

CHICAGO, July 28.—An Indian territory dispatch reports that the struggle between B. P. Smallwood, anti-railroad candidate, and Governor Oventon, railroad candidate, for election as principal chief of the Choctaw nation is so intense that bloodshed before the election is feared.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Bellefonte Boat Club.

The most important items in the organization of a boat club,—viz: the subscription of the necessary funds and membership—have already been secured, and only a short time will elapse before boats will be purchased and the young gentlemen who join the club will be transformed into an army of embryo oarsmen. The initiation fee is $10 and only about thirty-five members will be admitted, thirty of whom have already signed their names to a paper pledging the payment of the fee for the purchase of boats and the immediate erection of a boat house on land donated by D. G. Bush, Esq., for that purpose. The dimensions of the boat house will be 15x30 ft., constructed in artistic style and surrounded by a veranda. Suitable accommodations will also be made for the reception of ladies and a special boat secured for their use. The names of those who have already signed are as follows: Isaac Mitchell, J. M. Brockerhoff, J. K. McFarlane, H. C. Valentine, J. N. Lane, Jas. B. Lane, F. P. Blair, C. E. Shroeder, R. Thomas, D. H. Hastings, C. U. Hoffer, J. N. Gordon, Wm. F. Reber, Henry Brockerhoff, W. L. Malin, J. H. Lingle, P. Gray Meek, James A. McClain, John P. Harris, C. G. McMillan, Amos Mullen, Ellis L. Orvis, W. R. Brachbill, A. Brockerhoff, L. T. Munson, J. C. Harper, Frank E. Bible, James Pierpoint, Wilbur F. Reeder, Lawrence L. Brown.

—Why buy poor groceries any longer when the very best may be purchased of Harry Teats & Co.?

The Lamb Street Sewer.

The south side of Lamb street, almost the entire distance between Spring street and the creek bridge, is torn up for the purpose of enlarging the sewer. It appears that the original dimensions of the sewer were much smaller than was intended, and when the spring rains came it proved inadequate to carry off all the water, which flooded the cellers of neighboring houses in its course along the the street. The owners complained and the sewer is now being rebuilt. Its dimensions will be 2 ft. 2 in. wide by 3 ft. in depth. It is, of course, a work of considerable magnitude and will consume some time. Councilman McKnight is giving the work his personal supervision.

—The spring is a pleasant place of resort. Certain drunken individuals doubtless thought as much on Saturday night when they resorted there about 12 o'clock and for two mortal hours—until 2 o'clock a. m. Sunday—gave vent to the most horrible noises, keeping the residents of that vicinity awake. The tumultuous meeting adjourned about 2 o'clock, after which the disturbed citizens were permitted to sleep. What have the borough authorities to say about such objectionable proceedings?

—During the meeting of the Pennsylvania State Dental Association at Williamsport the delegates enjoyed the pleasure of a steamboat ride up the West Branch to see the boom. During the voyage a "political boom" was raised, and a vote was taken for governor, which resulted as follows: Beaver, 14; Stewart, 10; Pattison, 10. This proportion is certainly sufficient to give our gallant townsman his expected plurality—50,000.

—It is delightful to eat whortleberry pie, but its effect upon the interior of the mouth is the same as that of a quart of black ink poured on a scarlet piony.

AN OPEN LETTER.

SOME OUTSPOKEN STATEMENTS OF GREAT VALUE FROM PARTIES OF THE HIGHEST STANDING.

When the people of America become so thoroughly aroused, and on a subject of such serious importance as the preservation of their lives and health, it is but natural that the ones who have been largely instrumental in the origin of this movement should speak frankly and directly to the people most interested. It is for this reason that we thus come before the public and make the following revelations.

Every careful observer who has sought to keep pace with the march of events has noted the alarming increase of certain peculiar physical troubles within the past few years. These troubles have come at unexpected moments and in a most treacherous way. They have manifested themselves in innumerable forms, but they have always had the same cause. They have not afflicted the minor parts of the body, but have gone direct to the strongholds of the system and their work has usually been as prompt as it is fatal. Their treacherous and deceptive nature has often prevented a careful analysis of what causes them, and, as a result, intense suffering and final disaster have usually ensued. The real cause, however, has been a derangement of the kidneys and all of these troubles are, in fact, the first symptoms of the terrible Bright's disease which has cast its dark shadow over so many homes in the land and is increasing wonderfully and continually. It is now conceded by the ablest physicians in every land and by scientists the world over, that this disease is the result of blood poisoning. This poisoning is brought about by wasted and unhealthy kidneys that permit the poison to remain in the blood, instead of throwing it from the system. But it is equally evident to all who have studied into the effects and have become conversant with the facts, that a disordered state of the kidneys and liver produces most of the common complaints and pains which afflict the human race, and they can be traced to this source just as certainly as can Bright's disease. To purify a stream we must go to its source, and to cure a disease we must *remove the cause*. It being true, therefore, that nine-tenths of all human ailments are caused by diseased kidneys or liver, the only certain way to cure these troubles is by treating the organs which caused them. How intimately the kidneys are associated with the entire system may be understood from the fact that over 1,000 ounces of blood pass through them every hour, being more than 200 gallons, or nearly one ton in the course of 24 hours. This vast mass of living fluid is sent to every part of the body, and if the kidneys are diseased the impurities that are in the blood are not removed, and hence pass through the veins, carrying disease in some one of its many terrible forms. The horrors which accompany most of the diseases caused by disordered kidneys and liver cannot be described in print, while the dangers surrounding them are even greater than the agony. And yet a person may be troubled for months without knowing the cause of the diseases that have attacked him. Some of the symptoms of the first stages, any of which indicates disordered kidneys or liver are these: Pains in the back and around the loins, severe headache, dizziness, inflamed eyes, a coated tongue and a dry mouth, loss of appetite, chilly sensations, indigestion, (the stomach never is in order when the kidneys are deranged), a dryness of the skin, nervousness, night sweats, muscular debility, despondency, a tired feeling especially at night, puffing or bloating under the eyes, etc. If any of the following things are noticed about the fluids passed from the system, it shows that the kidneys and liver are out of order: A red deposit, a scum upon the surface, an unusual thickness or thinness, a very dark or a very light color, a burning sensation in passing, an unusual odor, a retention, or a frequent desire to void and inability to do so.

The above are a few of the hundreds of symptoms which indicate the beginning of aggravated cases of kidney or liver difficulties, and they require instant attention. If these symptoms are not checked at once, they are almost certain to result in some one of the many terrible diseases of the kidneys. But unpleasant as all the symptoms and even these diseases may be, they are as nothing compared to the last stages of the complaints. The kidneys waste away by degrees, accompanied by intense pains; the heart becomes uncontrollable; the lungs are oppressed; the eyeballs grow glassy, and the entire system is reduced and debilitated. For weeks before death comes the sufferer looks forward to it as a blessed relief, and anything that can furnish even temporary help is gladly hailed. Then it is that bloating begins; the face becomes puffy and pallid; the breath can only be caught in gasps; speech is impossible and muscular action suspended. The patient finally sinks into a state of unconsciousness to everything except the pains which are racking him, and death comes by certain but slow degrees. There can be but one conclusion which all readers of care and judgment will draw from these facts, which is the necessity of treating the disease *in time* and by that means which has been proven the best and most efficient.

It has been our privilege to treat more cases and effect more cures of this terrible complaint than has ever been known before in the history of the world. The wonderful sale which our remedies have attained is due wholly to the fact that they have cured the ones who have used them. The power and value of any remedy must rest wholly on a basis of worth, and here is just where our Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has found its wonderful power and success. But in this connection comes one important fact: It has always been true that articles of merit are subject to imitations. No one seeks to counterfeit the bills of a worthless bank. The productions of a cracked inventor or witless writer are never copied. It is just so with a healing remedy. If it possesses no merit it will not be subject to imitations. If, however, it has power and value, imitations will spring up on every side. While it is a tribute to the value of this medicine that it has imitations, still, in justice to those who are suffering, we feel that all should be warned against them.

There is but one known remedy that has ever been able to cure serious kidney troubles or control these great organs when once deranged, and that remedy is Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. There are numerous nostrums on the market claiming to be just as efficient and some which even claim to be the same. The test of merit, however, is in what has been accomplished, and we therefore say unhesitatingly that for all diseases of the kidneys, liver, and urinary organs Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure stands alone, not only in point of excellence, but in the wonderful results it has achieved. In order to successfully avoid the purchase of spurious and injurious medicines, observe these facts.

Our remedy is put up in dark amber glass bottles, with the Safe (our trade mark) blown in the back. A private proprietary six cent internal revenue stamp is affixed to the neck and covers the top of the cork and is of a light brown color. In the middle thereof is a safe in outline, and on it the picture of a negro gathering herbs. If this stamp is not found on every bottle of the Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, or if there is any evidence that it has been tampered with, and if a safe is not blown on the back of the bottle, reject the bottle at once, and insist on having a genuine one.

We were led to publish the foreging in order that the public may know and realize just where we stand. We have always sought to keep our personality from obtruding upon the public, knowing full well that the value of our remedy was the essential thing, but the unexampled use which has been made of this medicine, and the volumes of letters we are constantly receiving demand a personal statement from us. We are justly gratified at the confidence which has been shown us, and thankful for the myriads of cures our remedy has performed, and we pledge ourselves for the future, as we have endeavored in the past, to furnish the best and only valuable remedy that can control and cure all the many and terrible troubles arising from disorders of these great organs. Sincerely,

H. H. WARNER & Co.,
Rochester, N. Y.

—It is only a few years since freight cars were allowed to be loaded with more than ten tons. Now, but few eight-wheel cars are built with a carrying capacity of less than twenty tons. The advantage and economy secured by increased capacity are such that a committee of the master car builders' association have recommended the building of 25 or 30 ton test cars. In short, we don't believe there is any limit to the number of tons cars will eventually carry; in which they much resemble Sechler's grocery store, as there is no limit to the business that popular establishment will eventually do, if the present satisfactory mode of dealing is continued. None who patronize the store once can refrain from continuing to do so. Give Sechler a call for whatever groceries you desire.

—There are persons within the limits of this borough who keep pigs entirely too close to the nasal appendages of their neighbors, who cannot be brought to think that the peculiar odor from a pig sty is the most delightful in the world. We do not believe persons have the right to do so, and those who own pigs and are aware that they are at all disagreeable to persons who reside near them will do well to remove the objectionable quadrupeds immediately.

—The cigars purchased of Harry Green afford the best satisfaction.

—There seems to be a peculiar fascination about music in the open air. All classes of persons give vent to their exalted feelings of happiness in snatches of song as they take their evening drives through the suburbs of the town and in the country. We have recently heard the most fastidious persons engage in this diversion whose practice shows that there can be no want of taste in the custom.

—Try the cigars which Harry Green offers for sale. He keeps nothing but the best brands.

—The Constitutional Amendment Association of Howard is officered as follows: President, J. Newlin Hall; Vice Presidents, J. W. Smith, Hiram Lucas and John A. Woodward; Secretary, Blair Hopkins; Treasurer, A. J. Gardner; Executive committee, J. N. Hall, B. Hopkins, R. Pletcher, K. J. Shutt, R. Lucas, A. J. Gardner, Mrs. Hensyl, Miss Maggie Smith and Mrs. H. Lucas.

—The Pennsylvania state fair and Pittsburg exposition society have determined to offer liberal premiums for the best drilled companies in the National Guard. The trial will be made on October 2 and 3 during the time the Grand Army of the Republich ave their meeting in Pittsburg.

WATKINS GLEN is a very pretty place, says the *Gazette and Bulletin* in which to hold a convention. Upon August 23d, when a national convention of free thinkers of the United States and Canada is to be held there, it will probably be a very hot place unless the meeting is held in the Glen itself. In that locality, amid the marvelous and beautiful displays of nature, the free thinkers will perhaps, have the opportunity of exchanging ideas in endurable temperature—an opportunity of which they had better make the most use. Judges, lawyers, professors, clergymen, editors, honorables, politicians and women are to be present. One of the stars of the assembly will, we perceive, be Prof. Felix Adler, who has just sent one hundred dollars to the freight handlers. But more astonishing than everything else is the notification that Mr. Charles Bradlaugh has promised to attend if he comes here next month, and that Mr. Herbert Spencer, who is now in this country, will be urged to give his countenance. With the exception of the names we have mentioned, we do not perceive any that have a very extended fame unless we add that of Colonel Ingersoll. From the tone of Mr. Spencer's writings the suspicion is justified that he will not lend his presence to a convention of this kind, though he might recognize it as a significant indication of the evolution of thought.

—It is said that one of the most extensive branches of literature is that which relates to the health, and it is an encouraging sign that men have been brought to think so much about their physical condition. On the other hand, it is not good for a man to try to regulate his life according to any system of rules and he who does it is likely to become hypochondriacal. Rules which will govern under certain circumstances are not worth anything under different conditions. If a Centre county man eats wholesome food, keeps regular hours, endeavors to breathe pure air and buys his groceries of Sechler he can be almost certain of long life, health and prosperity. The last condition, viz: purchasing groceries of Sechler, is one which all can comply with. Be sure to patronize Sechler in the future and you will be benefited by it.

—Hon. William H. Armstrong, the polished and elegant citizen of our neighboring city of Williamsport and the Commissioner of Railroads, who with his family and a party of friends are gliding over the country wherever the steel rails extend their mighty bands, met with a very disagreeable accident while traveling over the Gunnison extension of the South Park, Colorado, one day of last week. The train consisted of an engine and one Pullman car. Just this side of the Alpine tunnel the engine broke, and the train rushed down the steep grades and around the sharp curves and precipitous places at lightning speed. The brakes seemed powerless to stop the cars. Mr. Armstrong says the conductor told them to jump from the train. He rushed to the rear platform and was forced to jump by the pressure of others behind him. The engine was finally detached from the car. Mr. Armstrong was knocked senseless and badly bruised, but no bones broken. James Canfield; his nephew, had his right leg broken above the ankle. He was taken to Colorado Spring in a special car. The ladies are said to have behaved with much more self posession than the gentlemen.

—All persons who ever visited Harry Teats & Co.'s store are enthusiastic in its praise.

—There is a large proportion of our temperance citizens who much admire the recent labors of Mr. Blackburn in organizing the prohibition movement and desire the public prints of the county town to give him proper credit and encouragement. The convention, considering the time of year in which it occurred, was a success. Many delegates left important work to be present on its sessions. When the movement is fully organized its plan of operation will be developed. Until then it is not considered expedient to discuss the details of work too freely.

—You can buy groceries of Sechler six days in every week.

—The gymnasium association, of Bellefonte, is increasing in membership very rapidly and now has about sixty enrolled with almost enough money subscribed to ensure its certain success. Those who desire to become members and thus secure the benefit of a healthful place of resort and amusement during the coming winter may communicate with Mr. Washington Rees or Mr. Edward Garman.

Bush Meeting.

Bellefonte and vicinity will not be left in utter spiritual destitution this summer so far as that wonderful fountain of refreshment—a bush meeting—is concerned. No rain has fallen since the beginning of July and the populace is becoming thirsty. Rev. Moses Pinkney, (who it is unnecessary to say is a colored gem'man) has resolved to strike the iron while it is flushed with a red heat and takes this opportunity to inform our numerous readers that on Saturday afternoon, precisely at 3 o'clock, he will open a bush meeting in Valentines' grove, near this place. It is the best time of the year for such a gathering and the attendance will be immense. Of course, it will be continued through Sunday, if the weather is favorable and if the enterprise meets with sufficient encouragement it will be still further prolonged. Among the ministers to be present are Rev. J. D. Meades, of Columbia county, and Rev. John the Baptist, of Hollidaysburg. These preachers possess plenty of the "thunder" requisite to make a gathering of the kind interesting and profitable.

—The firm of Powers & Son, boot and shoe makers, have recently purchased the large stock of leather owned by Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer. It includes some of the best material known to the leather trade, and Messrs. Powers & Son will now be better than ever prepared to execute the orders of customers in the highest style of the art. They are disposing of the leather to buyers at rates much lower than the same material can be procured from any other source.

—The subject of closing the stores of Philipsburg at 7 o'clock in the evening during summer is being agitated in that enterprising town. Bellefonte can afford such a movement better than Philipsburg, having a smaller proportion of population whose work forbids them making purchases during the day. But Philipsburg seems to be rapidly gaining the advantage in everything that requires energy and enterprise. The people of that section realize that a man who works fourteen or fifteen hours of each day cannot do as much good work as one whose hours of labor are more limited.

—A trial of Sechler's groceries will satisfy the most exacting of their excellence, and the same may be said of the meat sold at his meat market.

—Our longings for the best may be realized so far as groceries are concerned by purchasing of Harry Teats & Co.

—In countries where malaria is prevalent, or where the climate is subject to sudden changes—should be found in every house Brown's Iron Bitters.

—Everybody speaks favorably of the prohibition constitutional amendment scheme.

What was Raised on an Acre.

A farmer living in Maine makes a statement of what he had raised last year on an acre of land—almost enough, we should think, to support a family. He planted one-third of his acre in corn, and he usually produced thirty bushels of good corn. This quantity was sufficient for his family use and for fattening two or three large hogs. From the same ground on which the corn stood he raised two or three hundred pumpkins and an ample supply of beans. From a bit of six yards square he usually obtained sixty bushels of onions; these he sold for one dollar a bushel, which amount purchased his flour for one year. Thus from one-third of an acre and an onion bed he obtained his breadstuffs and two or three hundred pounds of pork. The remainder of the ground he appropriated to all kinds of vegetables for both summer and winter use. He also had a flower garden, raspberries, currants, gooseberries in great abundance, and also a few choice apple, plum, pear, peach and quince trees.

—Persons who have not yet purchased groceries of Harry Teats & Co. fail to realize half the bliss of living in Bellefonte.

Sleepers.—A sleeper is one who sleeps. A sleeper is that in which the sleeper sleeps. A sleeper is that on which the sleeper which carries the sleeper while he sleeps runs. Therefore while the sleeper sleeps in the sleeper the sleeper carries the sleeper under the sleeper until the sleeper which carries the sleeper jumps off the sleeper and wakes the sleeper in the sleeper by striking the sleeper under the sleeper, and there is no sleeper in the sleeper on the sleeper.

Mrs. Grundy says it is vulgar to wear diamonds at breakfast. Speaking from experience, we can testify that we have found it more comfortable to wear a tenderloin steak, trimmed with mushrooms, garnished with fried potatoes and worn low-waisted.

It isn't that a man means to lie about snakes, but when one two feet long comes at him, it looks as big as a fire-engine hose.

Special inducements for orders for fall and winter clothing during the summer months.
27tf MONTGOMERY & Co.

—It seems to satisfy a family want, and I wonder how we ever got along without Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cured me of nervous prostration, and I have used it since for all sorts of complaints in our family.—Mrs. Jines, Albany.

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and C. N. Crittenton, New York. 14 24 1y

EMPLOYMENT FOR LADIES.—The Queen City Suspender Company, of Cincinnati, are now manufacturing and introducing their new Stocking Supporters for Ladies and Children, and their unequaled Skirt Suspenders for ladies. None should be without them; our leading physicians recommend them, and are loud in their praise. These goods are manufactured by ladies who have made the wants of ladies and children a study, and they ask us to refer them to some reliable and energetic lady to introduce them in this county, and we certainly think that an earnest solicitation in every household would meet with a ready response, and that a determined woman could make a handsome salary and have the exclusive agency for this county. We advise some lady who is in need of employment to send to the company her name and address, and mention this paper. Address Queen City Suspender Company, 179 Main st., Cincinnati, O. 27-5t

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF CHIEF ENGINEER,
233 South Fourth Street,

PHILADELPHIA, July 26, 1882.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 9 a. m., August 10, for all the graduation and masonry required by said Company to complete the SUSQUEHANNA AND CLEARFIELD R. R. from Keating to Karthaus, about 22 miles. Plans and Specifications can be seen at room No. 40 at this office.
39-2t WM. H. BROWN, Chief Engineer.

GUNS

I am now opening a new stock of
Breech-Loading Double Guns,
Winchester Rifles,
Revolvers, Cutlery,
Cartridges,
B. L. Implements,
and a general stock of
SPORTING AMMUNITION,
Shot at Wholesale and Retail
(Chilled and Soft.)
Shot Gun Cartridges Loaded to Order.
Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns Carefully Repaired
Also agent for the Pittsburgh
New Family Sewing Machine,
Gun and Machine Oils, Needles and Sewing Machine Attachments.
SHOP, NO. 44, HIGH STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PA, 14-30-3m

Nets! Nets! Nets!

At SCHOFIELD'S,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

I have on hand a large stock of Fly Nets, which, as the season is now far advanced, I will sell at a reduction of

25 PER CENT.

Great Bargains. Call Immediately.
14-30tf **JAMES SCHOFIELD.**

FINE SHOES MADE TO ORDER AT
Doll & Mingle's.
22-3m

BOOK AGENTS WANTED!

"NASBY IN EXILE." Canvassers wanted for this popular Book, by D. R. Locke, of Toledo Blade. 300 illustrations. Sensible and amusing. There is money in the sale of this book. Also for.

"ANDERSONVILLE,"
A story of Southern Prisons.
Send for Circulars.
JAS. K. SIMON, General Agent,
114 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
14-27-7t

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,
No. 206 Second st., Above Race,
PHILADELPHIA.

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y

SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA

This old and well-tried Remedy has proven its value in all diseases from *Impure* or *Impoverished Blood*, as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Ulcerous Sores, White Swellings, Syphilitic Nodes, Bone Diseases, etc. Invaluable in General Debility and diseases of debility of the aged. A rich syrup, containing no injurious ingredients. No other Remedy has received such encomiums. Sold by all Druggists.
14-30-4t

Bee Hive Stores.

Now or Never

IS YOUR TIME TO SAVE

30 to 40 Per Cent.

Having just purchased, for Cash, the entire stock of

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Mattings, &c.,

formerly belonging to Isaac Guggenheimer, at a great sacrifice, we are prepared to offer again, for Cash, the

Greatest Bargains

ever known in this line. Call early to make your selection as these goods positively can never be duplicated at such ruinous prices.

Goldsmith Brothers'

GREAT

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE STORES,

BELLEFONTE, PA

S. & A. Loeb, General Merchandise.

Save Money When You Can!

ANY ONE CAN SAVE IT BY FOLLOWING THE ADVICE BELOW.

GROCERIES.

We are selling all classes of Groceries at prices below any grocery store in Bellefonte, showing a saving of 3 cents per pound on as staple an article as Coffee; 10 cents on Syrups; 2 cents on Bacon; from 10 to 25 cents per bushel on Potatoes; a few cents on every article of everyday consumption that goes into the house. Produce we always sell at same prices which we pay for it, thereby saving the consumer an extra profit that is always charged by exclusive grocery stores.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We are selling all kinds of Boots and Shoes in wonderfully large variety and extra good quality, at prices far below any exclusive shoe store in Centre County. Quality guaranteed as good as can be made, and prices speak for themselves.

CLOTHING.

We are selling all sizes of Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Clothing at an enormous saving on any exclusive clothing store, guaranteeing linings, trimmings and workmanship superior to any other ready-made Clothing sold in this county, and equal to any custom-made work. Patches are furnished with all children's suits. We make a specialty of the celebrated Stein, Adler & Co.'s manufacture, of Rochester, which is conceded by all to be the best in the United States.

CARPETS.

We are selling all grades of Carpets, ranging from the cheapest to the best, at lower prices than any store in Bellefonte, and have the largest variety to be found in the County, which has only to be seen to be verified. Carpets cut, fit, made and laid down in your houses on short notice.

DRY GOODS.

In Dry Goods we are determined not to be undersold, and have an exceedingly large stock, comprising everything in the line that the name implies. Dress Goods in every new shape out, Muslins, Calicos, Linens, House Furnishing Goods, in fact anything and everything, bought right and offered right.

NOTIONS.

In Notions and Trimmings our stock is full of novelties, at the very lowest prices.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Suspenders, Collars, Cuffs, Hosiery, etc. Just call and convince yourselves. Room won't allow us to explain fully.

Why can we do all this? Simply because we deal in everything. We make a specialty of each department; neither one branch or the other of our ever increasing business need be largely profitable, but a very small margin in either sums up to satisfy us.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

S. & A. LOEB,

The Oldest General Merchants in Centre County.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Fighting for the Koran.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24—12:45 p. m.—The sixtieth regiment marched to occupy Ramleh this morning. A skirmish is now proceeding. No particulars. The thirty-fifth infantry has been ordered to support the sixtieth.

LATER.—Rifles and mounted infantry occupied Ramleh this morning. They stationed one gatling and one field gun at the bridge over the canal. The enemy's cavalry appeared and galloped boldly along the railway at 300 yards range, but fled upon the volley being fired. After a short time they reappeared with two guns with which they opened fire ineffectually on the British, who took to cover. By 9 o'clock firing had ceased, but the enemy is expected to reappear with reinforcements

3:40 p. m.—The fighting is finished. The casualties are insignificant. The British troops remain in occupation of Ramleh.

LONDON, July 24.—Arabi Pasha wrote the following letter to Gladstone a few days before the bombardment, but Gladstone did not receive it until after the bombardment: "The Koran commands us to resist if war is waged against us, hence England may rest assured that the first gun she fires in Egypt will absolve all Egyptians from all treaties. The control will cease, the property of the Europeans will be confiscated, the canals destroyed, and Jehad will be preached in Syria, Arabia and India. The first blow with which England strikes Egypt will cause blood to flow in Asia and Africa, the responsibility for which will be on the head of England. Egypt is still ready to be fast friends with England and keep her road to India, but she must keep within the limits of her jurisdiction. Finally, England may rest assured we are determined to die for our country."

LONDON, July 25.--The correspondent of Reuter's telegram company at Alexandria says: The *Moniteur Egyptian* has reappeared here, with the heading, "The Official Journal of the Government of the Khedive." It contains a proclamation dismissing Arabi Pasha from the ministry.

The inspector of the Cadastre at Tantah, speaking of the massacres there, says: The soldiers and the rabble fought for loot. A Bedouin sheikh, with twenty Bedouins, saved the inhabitants of the Jewish quarter and took them to his village. Another sheikh saved myself and party. The mob from Alexandria murdered three employes of the Cadastre and their families, and burnt their bodies with petroleum. The mob killed twelve Greeks.

The khedive has dispatched a vessel to Porte Said to bring Cherif Pasha here.

A dispatch to the Exchange telegraph company, dated Alexandria, 10 a. m., says: The military authorities are of the opinion that Arabi Pasha will not attack the British. He is, however, strengthening his position hourly. At daybreak this morning his men, many of them without uniform and driven like slaves, were seen working on the entrenchments. The British experience great difficulty in moving guns, without which it is impossible to take the offensive to Ramleh. Directly a sufficient number of heavy guns are placed in position an attempt will be made to dislodge Arabi Pasha without exposing the troops. Gunners and guns from the fleet are going to the front.

LONDON, July 26.—The *News* says: The statement that Turkey consented to send troops to Egypt is misleading. The Porte has now recognized the appropriateness of the suggestions to send troops, and now proposes to discuss the conditions under which they shall be sent, a process which, if carried out in accordance with Turkish notions and diplomacy, might occupy six months.

ALEXANDRIA, July 26—The British have mined the railroad embankment at Ramleh as a precaution against a night attack.

8.50 a. m.—At 9 o'clock last evening a decided attempt was made to surprise the British out-posts. Under cover of the darkness a force of six hundred men approached close to the British lines. When the Twenty-eighth regiment opened fire the enemy retreated precipitately. During the remainder of the night the Egyptians continued moving about just beyond range.

Foreign News.

LONDON, July 26.—A detective of the Irish constabulary will be sent to Caraccas to receive O'Brien, held on suspicion of being one of the murderers of Lord Frederick Cavendish.

Most Rev. Patrick A. Feehan, archbishop of Chicago, will be elected a cardinal at the next consistory.

At Goodwood the Sussex stakes was won by Comte, Alfred Battlefield second and Dutchoven third.

The weather in Ireland has improved considerably during the past few days, though a potato blight has appeared in badly drained ground. There is a splendid crop in most parts of the country.

Portland Turns Up Again.

MONTPELIER, Vt., July 26.—The second district republican convention this afternoon nominated Judge Luke Portland for congress.

A Virginia Duel.

CHRISTIANSBURG, Va., July 25.—Captain John S. Wise, readjuster candidate for congressman at large, and John S. Crockett, commonwealth attorney for Wythe, came to this place on the early train this morning and fought a duel near here with pistols. In the first round both fired at the word without effect; at the second round Crockett's pistol went off prematurely. After reloading the weapons both combatants were placed in position for another exchange of shots. Wise's pistol missed fire; and Crockett's fire was harmless. Crockett, the challenging party, expressed himself as satisfied, and the fight terminated. The meeting had its origin in a personal rencontre which took place on Monday, the 17th inst., at Marion, when Captain Wise met Crockett and interrogated him about certain language which Crockett attributed to Wise. Crockett acknowledged he made the statement and said it was true. Wise denounced it as false and struck Crockett. Before the latter could resent the blow outsiders interfered, and both were arrested and fined for breach of the peace. This caused the subsequent correspondence which resulted in the duel. No arrests.

Fanny Parnell's Funeral.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., July 24.—The funeral of Miss Fanny Parnell took place this morning. A large number of the residents of the city and vicinity were present, and the trains from New York and Philadelphia brought members from different land league organizations. A harp at the head of the casket bore the following inscription: "Cede Deo." A white satin pillow, with harp attached, had on it a quotation from her last poem, "The Utterance of the Irish Heart." Rev. N. Nesbitt, rector of Christ Episcopal church, this city, read the burial service of the Episcopal church at the mansion. The remains will lie in the receiving vault, Trenton, until such time as final arrangements can be made. It is not known if the body will be interred in Boston or taken to Ireland, where her father's remains lie. John Heath, sculptor, of Philadelphia, took a plaster cast of the deceased. John Parnell arrived from Georgia this morning in time to attend the funeral services.

Railroad Collision.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—A collision occurred yesterday on the Little Miami railroad, near Foster's Crossing, on a dangerous embankment, between the express from the east and a freight train. The account given by the passengers is that the freight train was running wild and had orders to stop at Foster's Crossing for the express to pass, but the engineer undertook to pass the switch and then back in, when the express train came in. The engineers and firemen saved themselves by jumping. The engines were wrecked and two freight cars thrown into the Little Miami river. Among the passengers slightly injured were Hon. E. H. McCaleb, of New Orleans, judge advocate general of Louisiana; also J. W. Docksedge, of New York; D. Arnheim of Pittsburgh, and J. W. Jones, of Columbus, Ohio. Engineer Lyons, of the freight train, was badly bruised.

Slaughter of Negroes.

MERIDIAN, Miss., July 24.—Late Saturday night five negroes, railroad laborers, left Meridian on foot for home, walking on the Mobile and Ohio railroad track. All being under the influence of drink, they sat down on the track and fell asleep. A train ran over them, killing one and seriously wounding three.

This morning, two miles from Desoto, on the Mobile and Ohio railroad, the mangled remains of six negroes were found on the track, having been run over by a train. They had been employed on the New Orleans and Northeastern railroad and had just been paid. They were bound home. One negro has been arrested and another is being hunted up, on a strong suspicion of having murdered and robbed the negroes and placed their bodies on the track.

Mangled to Death.

PITTSBURGH, July 24.—About 5 o'clock this morning an unknown boy, about 15 years of age, was run over near Millvale station, by engine 453 of an east bound passenger train on the Pensylvania road. The body was horribly mutilated, the bones protruding through the skin, and one arm being almost severed. It is supposed he was trying to board the train when the accident happened. The deceased wore a dark suit and check shirt. So far, no person has identified him, although several who viewed the deceased think he is a son of Michael Lannigan, who was killed on the same road at East Liberty about two years ago.

On the Field.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 24.—At the Grand Army encampment to-day the feature was the dedication by the One Hundred and Sixth Pennsylvania volunteers of a memorial tablet. The oration was delivered by General James M. Lynch. J. R. C. Ward, one of the survivors, read a historical sketch. A salute of thirteen guns was fired at the close of the exercises.

Declines to Resign.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Secretary Folger has received a letter from Supervising Steamboat Inspector Tower, of the New York district, declining to resign his office for the Secretary of the Treasury. He will be removed as soon as his successor has been selected.

The Gettysburg Encampment.

GETTYSBURG, July 25.—The heated spell has not apparently lessened the enjoyment of the crowds in camp. To-day the Zook monument, erected by Post 11 of Norristown, to the memory of S. K. Zook, killed in the battle here, was unveiled. Colonel Theodore W. Bean, of Montgomery county, delivered an appropriate oration. To-morrow is reunion day of the old Penn'a Reserve corps. The camp is by all odds the fullest of the series. This evening there was an exhibition of fire works and a sham battle. The cannon were planted on Culps hill.

GETTSYSBURG, Pa., July 26.—To-day the department encampment held its regular semi-annual business meeting. A committee was appointed to urge the senate to the passage of the pending bill to increase the pension of soldiers who have lost limbs. Also another to consider proper steps to take to provide for soldiers' orphans when the present law expires in 1885. It was voted to hold the next encampment at Gettysburg, leaving the power to change to Erie, the second choice, in the hands of the department commander and council of administration. About 200 of the Pennsylvania Reserves, representing nearly every company were present at the reunion to-day. General Crawford, Colonel Mann and other officers were present at the meeting in the court house, where Captain Jack delivered an eloquent address. Ex Governor Curtin, orator of the occasion, was unavoidably detained, but was present this evening at the banquet at Spring's hotel. The next reunion will be held at Bellefonte.

President of Costa Rica.

PANAMA, July 25.—Thomas Guardia, who has presided over the destinies of the Republic of Costa Rica for nearly twelve years, died on the 7th inst. His death had been expected for some months. He was a remarkable man in many respects. Since fortune first placed in his hands the reins of power he has ruled the country with a rod of iron. During the revolution of 1870, when with a band of choice spirits he entered the cuartel of San Jose in a cart covered over with hay, with the loss of but one man, he proceeded to secure the goal of his ambition, the Presidency of the Republic, and has retained his sway over the Republic in a most remarkable way ever since. Personally he was an ignorant, unlettered man, whose idea, so far as society was concerned, was to present the greatest display and show possible. He was no politician, and had the crudest ideas of finance. He plunged his country into an abyss of debt, from which it will not recover for many years.

Non-Union Men.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 25.—It is very probable that the National tube works company of McKeesport will start up in a few days with non-union men. General Manager Flager arrived home yesterday and posted an order notifying the strikers to return to work by noon to-day or consider themselves discharged.

As the men failed to accept the invitation to return, Manager Flager will, it is thought, make an attempt at least to run without them as the mill must be started at all hazards. The mill has 2,300 men upon the pay rolls and besides a large establishment at McKeesport operates the old Wharton mill in this city.

The Waynesburg Tragedy.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., July 26.—Cora and Marcetta Sturm, the two girls charged with the murder of their step-mother, are both under arrest. Instead of poisoning the old lady, as stated last night, the girls enticed her to the spring house and after knocking her senseless with a billet of wood, one of them stuck her in the heart with a darning needle. The girls were well brought up, but have been wayward. They are daughters of a Methodist preacher.

The Duelists Indicted.

CHRISTIANSBURG, Va., July 26.—The grand jury to-day indicted Captain John S. Wise and Mr. John S. Crockett as principals in the duel fought here yesterday. Indictments were also found against G. W. Ward and J. Stewart Crockett, cousin of John S. Crockett, as seconds, and Dr. Moore as surgeon. The other surgeon being from Richmond and name unknown, escaped indictment.

Prohibitionists.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 26.—The fact has developed that the prohibitionists are arranging to nominate congressmen in all the districts, which will considerably complicate matters. The hostile acts of the brewers have aroused them thoroughly.

Harrison Allen Cared For.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The president sent to the senate to-day the name of Harrison Allen, of Pennsylvania, to be Marshall of the United States in the territory of Dakota.

Nomination Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The senate to day confirmed Merritt L. Joslyn of Illinois to be assistant secretary of the interior.

My wife said I was a fool when I brought home a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. But when it broke up my cough, drove away her neuralgia and cured baby's dysentery, she thought I had made a good investment.

A hat flirtation is the latest idiocy among the girls. There is no way a man can wear a hat that don't mean something, and the only way you're safe is to go bareheaded.

We notice that a great many proprietory medicine men are advertising in such a manner as to lead the public, and particularly the retail druggists, to believe that the sale of their goods is so great that unless their orders are sent in early they will be unable to fill them. We, however, notice one exception to this rule, in the case of the Sines Manufacturing Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., who are honest enough to state that no matter how fast the orders come in for Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound, they shall all be filled. Their sales on this preparation last year were 600,483 bottles; their facilities for making, at present, are 1,000,000 bottles per annum; but let no druggist or customer be alarmed that there will ever be a corner in Sines' Tar, for should the trade demand 2,000,000 bottles they can be had, and from our experience with it as a cough and cold remedy, we have no doubt that its sales will soon reach the last named figures.—*San Francisco News and Dispatch.*

Having given Ely's Cream Balm a trial, I advise those suffering from catarrh to lay other remedies aside. I believe it to be the only remedy that will cure this terrible disease, from which I have been a sufferer for 20 years. The Balm is doing wonders for me. I have used everything advertised, but have never found its equal. CHARLES GARRABRANT, dealer in boots and shoes, 885 Broad street, Newark, N. J.

We have heard only words of praise for Ely's Cream Balm from many who are using it. One of our customers who has had catarrh for over 40 years, says it has helped him more than anything he has ever used—after trying everything else—We can recommend it for catarrh, hay fever, etc., knowing that the results produced will be satisfactory. CHRISTINE & BODINE, druggists, Trenton, N. J. Feb. 28, 1881.

Mrs. Langtry can't pass herself off for a Jersey lily when she comes over here, unless she smells of applejack.

The New York Ledger asks: "Is a man to be deemed insane because he kisses the girl to whom he is engaged in an enthusiastic and boisterous manner?" We should say no, emphatically. The fact that he is engaged to a girl in an enthusiastic and boisterous manner should not deprive him of the right to kiss her, any more than if he had engaged himself to her in a quiet and orderly manner.

An Array of Facts.

Special Telegram.

CAIRO, N. Y.—Charles Hoffman, of this place, says: "I have used for a year or more Baxter's Mandrake Bitters and find they have been very beneficial to me, in fact cured me of dyspepsia in its worst form." Isaac Hoffman and Frank Rennie have also been cured of sick headache and dyspepsia by their use. Westel Salsbury says they have been used by himself and family to great advantage; have cured his daughter of sick headache. The Bitters seem to be just the thing for the diseases for which they are recommended. E. C. STEVENS.

Price 25 cts. per bottle.

"Am I hurting you badly?" asked a Boston dentist of a lady whose teeth he was fixing, and who was emitting horrible groans. "Oh, not in the least, but I love to groan," was the reply.

Good Words from Druggists.

"Malt Bitters are the best 'bitters.'"

"They promote sleep and allay nervousness."

"Best liver and kidney medicine we sell."

"They knock the 'Chills' every time."

"Consumptive people gain flesh on them."

"Malt Bitters have no rivals in this town."

"Best thing for nursing mothers we have."

"We like to recommend Malt Bitters."

"What a change," says a novelist "one little woman can make in a man's life!" "Exactly," says a victim; "and what a heap of 'change' she requires while doing it!"

Gratitude Inexpressible.

PATERSON, N. J., May 13, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—I cannot use language expressive enough to convey my appreciation of the value of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure in all diseases of the kidneys, liver and urinary organs. I never lose an opportunity to recommend it highly. WM. RADCLIFFE.

"I see that Mr. Bonner has paid $10,000 for my little sister. It must make papa and mama feel good to see how their daughters are getting into the first families.—Maud S.

Never question the reliability of an article just simply for the reason that it is advertised. But if afflicted with piles, buy and try Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, and the result will be instant relief and a permanent cure.

"Two Old Cats" is the title of a new book. We haven't read it, but if the object of the author is to kill the two heroes, the story must be as long as the Waverly novels.

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in catarrh by the use of Sanford's Radical cure. Complete treatment for $.

A new fabric for ladies' wear has recently been placed upon the market, called "cheese cloth." We should think it would be quite durable—and strong.

Persons recovering from wasting diseases, such as malaria, fevers, etc., will be greatly benefitted by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters, a true tonic.

The Latest Bulletin.

Who seeks and will not take, when once 'tis offered, shall not find it more.—*Shakespear.*

In no department of traffic is this practical wisdom of the great English tragedian exemplified with more fidelity than that over which a genuine sacrifice in prices of Clothing, Boots and Shoes so despotically presides.

The great Boston Clothing House, just opened in Reynolds' block, opposite the Brockerhoff House, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa., are offering their entire immense stock of clothing, Boots and Shoes at slaughtering prices to clear out their stock to make room for their fall goods which are already being manufactured for this branch, and he who will not trade now shall never have another such an opportunity. Remember the goods must and shall be closed out at any price without delay at the Boston Clothing, Boot and Shoe House, just opened in Reynolds' block, opposite the Brockerhoff House, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 27-4t

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A father scolds his son for his numerous youthful errors: "Really, father, you were once young. Did you never frolic?" "Never," said the father with a melancholy sigh, "when I was young I had no money, and when I became rich it was too late."

Miscellaneous.

THE undersigned hereby cautions the public, and all concerned, against harboring or trusting his wife, Mrs. Sarah Frantz, as she has left his bed and board without cause, and he don't propose paying any bills she may contract. REUBEN FRANTZ.

Port Matilda, July 24, 1882. 14-29 3t

Miscellaneous.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

READ THIS!

And all kinds of Farming Tools.

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

We as well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN GENTS' LOW SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

22-3m DOLL & MINGLE.

Rupture

Its Relief and Cure as certain as day follows day by Dr. J. A. Sherman's method.

With safety from the dangers of strangulation and without the injury trusses inflict. Those wishing proof should send 10 cents for his book containing likenesses of bad cases before and after cure, also endorsements of professional gentlemen, ministers, merchants, farmers and others who have been cured. Trusses and rupture sooner or later affect the nervous and mental system, bring on organic diseases, impotency, destroy energy and so-cial desires, making the young old, and the old useless. Office, 251 Broadway, N. Y., 302 Walnut street Philadelphia. Days for consultation, each week—New York, Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays; Philadelphia, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, during December, after that every other week. 27-4t

WANTED, SALESMEN.

To canvass for the sale of our Nursery Stock. Unequalled facilities. Salary and expenses paid. 500 acres of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, etc.

W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N. Y.

14-29-4t

The Key to Fortune in all Avenues of Life

JULIA McNAIR WRIGHT'S New Book, "Practical Life."

A handsome volume, over 600 pp., discussing individual culture, etiquette, business, love, marriage, etc.

Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D., says: "I am quite delighted with its admirable views and wholesome suggestions. It ought to be in every house."

The Central Baptist, St Louis, Mo., says: "It is a thoroughly good and beautiful book."

The Interior, Chicago, says: "It strikes us as the soldiest and best from her pen."

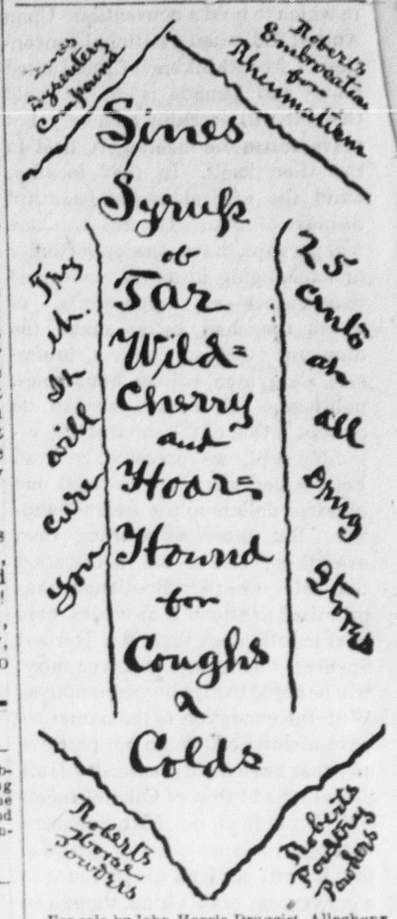
The Pittsburg Christian Advocate says: "Its lessons need to be taught and enforced in every household."

Clear type, artistic binding, magnificent full page colored plates. Prices low. Terms liberal. Sales rapid. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. Send for particulars to

J. C. McCURDY & CO. Philadelphia, Pa. Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo., 14 22 2m

WANTED.—A good wagon maker, to work on the woodwork of wagons only. Apply to E. P. McCORMICK. Wagonmaker, Phillipsburg, Pa. 14 29-3t

Miscellaneous.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Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Hoar-Hound for Coughs & Colds
25 cents on all Drug Stores
Try it. It will cure you
Roberts Horse Powders
Roberts Poultry Powders

For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny Street Bellefonte, Pa. dawMar17 1y

RENNENGER'S LUNG SYRUP

A Wonderful Discovery,

a positive cure for Bronchitis, and Asthma. CONSUMPTION

Orders from medical men for this wonderful cure come in from all over the country. Price per bottle $1.00. Can be sent by express to any address. H. C. RENNENGER & CO., Box 518 Williamsport, Pa. 14-27-4t

NOTICE TO INVESTORS!

First Mortgage Real Estate Loans, made and guaranteed by the

Nebraska Loan & Trust Company,

HASTINGS, NEBRASKA.

School Bonds and Municipal Securities for sale. Best of references furnished Write for full particulars.

JAS. B. HEARTWELL, Pres. E. C. WEBSTER Treas.

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EVE'S DAUGHTERS!

OR COMMON SENSE

For MAID, WIFE AND MOTHER, by Marion Harland, author of "Common Sense in the Household," etc. Highly commended by the Press as the Best Book ever published in the interest of her sex. No experiment-ing. 10,000 copies ordered by Agents in Advance of publication. Lady and gentleman canvassers making from $25 to $40 per week. Every family wants it. Liberal inducements to smart canvassers Apply at once for terms and choice territory. STEVENS & HALL, 14-29-4t 120 N. 7th st., Phila.

VOICE BUILDING BY MAIL!

VOICE DEFECTS successfully treated, impediments of speech removed and the voice intelligently and successfully cultivated through lessons by mail. Incredible results both in singing and speaking. Compass of voice extended several notes. Volume more than double. Quality of voice made absolutely pure and resonant throughout the entire compass. For Singers the advantages are almost beyond numbering. Public Speakers, Readers and Actors gain from their increased compass such richly modulated inflections and from their enlarged volume of tone such striking contrasts of power, that the grand faults of monotony and mannerism give place to a varied and effective delivery. To Teachers of the Voice, whether for singing or elocution, these lessons afford a thoroughly digested plan for assailing all radical faults of throat or respiration besides giving definitely the fundamental principles upon which artistic vocal efforts must be based. Circulars of full particulars free. Sample lessons one dollar. 14 29 4t

R. ELLIOTT CLARKE,

Voice Specialist.

1514 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

1,000,000 Acres Choice Lands

In the Great Wheat Belt. For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER R. R. CO. at $2 to $6 per Acre, on easy terms, at low interest. Lowest fare and freight. Fare refunded to purchasers. A climate unsurpassed for healthfulness. The best market facilities. Guide and Maps giving full information FREE. Address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner of Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago, Illinois. Mention this paper.

IN MINNESOTA & DAKOTA

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Dr Lindsey's Blood Searcher.

Nothing in the world equal to it for the cure of Scrofula, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Old Sores, Sore Eyes, Mercurial Diseases, Catarrh, Loss of Appetite, Female Complaints, and all Blood Diseases. It NEVER fails. All druggists and country store keepers sell it. R. E. Sellers & Co., Prop'rs, Pittsburgh, on every bottle. 27-4t

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,

SPRING MILLS, CENTRE CO., PA

The terminus of the Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R.

This is a New House and newly furnished with Everything tending to Comfort and Convenience of Guests.

The air is invigorating and perfectly free from Malaria, and particularly favorable for the restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malaria disorders and Hay Fever.

The Table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, healthfully prepared and tastefully served.

GOOD STABLING ACCOMMODATIONS.

POPULAR PRICES:

Per day, (less than a week,).....$ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month,)..... 6 00
Per month,..... 20 00

All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.

14-29-1f GEO. P. NASH, Manager.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The charsome rams of tender age
Frisk gaily o'er the lawn,
The sweatful farmer smites his mules,
And plows the growing corn,
The city cousins pack their trunks,
And coo their softest "coo,"
"Dear uncle—We'll be down next week,
And bring the children, too."

—Whortleberry pie is excellent. Try it.

—The dust is becoming disagreeably deep.

—The Bellefonte Boat Club seems to be an accomplished fact.

—General Beaver will not return until the latter part of this week.

—Bellefonte has had a scarcity of of ice cream festivals this summer.

—Parties who return from the cave late at night render the air vocal with music.

—The Pennsylvania Dental Association is holding its annual meeting at Williamsport.

—The popular custom of measuring potatoes in strawberry boxes is not now in vogue.

—Anglers are improving the few days that remain before the expiration of the trout season.

—That class of newspaper men who seldom if ever attend church are now reviling the preachers for taking a vacation.

—A party of about thirty persons from Howard and vicinity wended their way to Snow Shoe Tuesday morning, July 25.

—Brown, the green grocer, now comes bounding to the front with a supply of watermelons. The green fruit looks natural.

—Dr. G. Edmund Brehmam, who died suddenly in Altoona on Thursday, July 20, held a life insurance policy of $2,000 with R. M. Magee, Esq., of this place.

—Forty-two young men have signified their willingness to join the gymnasium association to be formed in this place, and there are many more to follow.

—Rev. John Jasper, the colored Richmond divine who preaches that "de sun do move," has been invited to attend the colored camp meeting near Lock Haven.

—Captain Mullen requests us to announce that Company B, N. G. of Pa., will leave Bellefonte for the Lewistown encampment on Friday evening, August 4th.

—The stores are not doing a large business. People have purchased all their summer goods and will consult the newspaper advertisement before making any fall purchases.

—Our delightful town is thronged with visiting guests, and the steady-going residents are busily employed in showing them objects of interest in the surrounding country.

—We entirely overlooked the important fact that a precious little cherub—a girl—arrived at the residence of Prothonotary Harper on Wednesday, the 19th inst. Congratulations.

—Let the lovers of saner kraut rejoice. If the cabbage worm can be kept down that vegetable promises to yield a good crop. We hardly need remind our readers that it was a decided failure last year.

—The "army worm"—if that is the true designation of the crawling animal now infesting the flower gardens—seems to be confining its worst depredations to the town. Farmers have not yet detected its presence.

—Red raspberries are in great demand and sold on Tuesday morning at 20 cents per quart. Fortunately, however, we do not consider them equal to the black variety in flavor, and were not tempte to burst our pocketbook.

—J. J. Egan, one of the enterprising citizens of Eagleville, recently went to Snow Shoe to superintend the erection of a log slide for the prosperous firm of George Boak & Co. He is fully competent to perform the work in a satisfactory manner.

—Edmund Blanchard, Esq., departed July 25 for the West, accompanied by a highly distinguished party of gentlemen. At Chicago an effort will be made to charter a Pullman hotel car for the special accommodation of the party across the continent.

—Mr. A. Girod, an accomplished musician of Milesburg, was the recipient a few days ago of a check for $1200, being the amount of his pension and back pay which he has just drawn for services in the slight unpleasantness which began in '61.

—The English Lutheran Sunday-school of Lock Haven made a successful excursion to Snow Shoe on Thursday. A large delegation of citizens of Lock Haven joined the excursionists and others were picked up along the route. The train arrived at Snow Shoe about 10 o'clock a. m. with 900 people, to many of whom this was the first trip over this very picturesque route. We have no doubt they enjoyed themselves hugely.

Two C. A. A. Reports.

PINE GROVE MILLS.

Concerning the meeting called for the purpose of forming a Constitutional Amendment Asssociation at Pine Grove Mills, a correspondent says:

W. D. Blackburn, who is now canvassing the county in the interest of temperance, under the auspices of the State Constitutional Amendment Association, held forth in our village on Friday evening, the 21st, addressing a large and appreciative audience. In the course of his speech he showed the evils of intemperance, the inconsistency of our license system, and the expediency and practicability of a prohibitory clause in our State constitution. An organization auxiliary to the contemplated county association was effected, of which G. A. Woods, M. D., was made President. A. E. Clemson, D. N. Young and Fletcher Meek were chosen Vice Presidents; George Dannly, Secretary, and W. U. Baily, treasurer.

An executive committee was appointed consisting of officers-elect and the following persons: John Musser, Jr., Mathias Rider, Robert Gardner, Robert Meek, George Eckle, Henry Webb, Joseph Hoy, Sr., Julia Musser, Miss S. M. Glenn and Mrs. Annie Weaver.

The delegates chosen to the convenat Bellefonte on the 28th are: Revs. Koser, Mendenhall and Kuhn, George Dannly, Henry Webb, Robert Gardner, A. J. Orndorff, A. E. Clemson, James Watt, James Fortney, Henry Campbell, John L. Musser, Mrs. Kuhn, Mrs. E. L. Koser, Miss Mendenhall, Miss Sue Dannly, Miss Jennie Archey, Mrs. Sarah Hess, Mrs. D. W. Miller, Mrs. F. Meek and Mrs. Eckle.

CENTRE HALL.

At a meeting held in the Reformed church, Centre Hall, Sunday evening, July 22, the Potter township Constitutional Amendment Association was organized. There was a very good attendance from both town and country. W. D. Blackburn, State organizer, was present and delivered a very entertaining and profitable address, after which the following officers were elected: President, Rev. W. E. Fischer; Vice Presidents, Geo. L. Goodhart, M. Derstine and W. W. Boyer; Secretary, J. Witmer Wolf; Treasurer, F. M. Burkholder; Executive Committee, Rev. W. E. Fischer, J. Witmer Wolf, F. M. Burkholder, John Danheimer, Daniel Fleisher, Col. Josiah Neff, Leonard Rhone, J. J. Arney, D. J. F. Alexander, J. A. Fleming, C. Dinges, Mrs. C. E. Wolf, Misses Flora O. Neff and Cora K. Murray, Mrs. Hunter, Mrs. Leonard Rhone and Mrs. J. W. Conley.

Eighteen delegates were then elected to attend the county convention held in Bellefonte, Friday, July 28.

—A business grain circular to Messrs. Alexander & Co., dated Philadelphia, July 22, 1882, states that reports of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C., complete to 11th of July, make the *corn* crop show a general average in the United States of 85. The State making the most favorable average is Georgia, 108, and the poorest is Illinois, 68; and Iowa, 72. All the Southern States show a high condition; most of them will average over 100. Wheat, with the present promise of spring, it is anticipated, will show a crop of 450,000,000, to 500,000,000 bushels. Rye is fully 100 and presents the feature, perhaps never before known, of selling for less money per bushel than corn. Oats are in high condition and are represented as 103. Potatoes are in largely increased acreage, standing at 107. The increased acreage of corn is 2,500,000 acres. The visible supply at Philadelphia is about 700,000 bushels of wheat and 380,000 bushels of corn less than a week ago. No. 2 red wheat, 120 to 120½; white oats, 72½; corn, 91 to 91½ per bushel.

Warm Weather Notes.

Now is the favorable moment of all the year to organize another expedition to search for the North Pole. Perspiring nature is ready to brave all the snow and ice in existence.

A troubled conscience and a torrid atmosphere combined render perfect and refreshing rest impossible with some people.

It is an affecting spectacle to witness the mercury trying to climb to the top of the thermometer. "Excelsior" is its motto.

An affectionate embrace is effective in December with the average female; but an ice cream from Sand's or Ceadar's, or a soda fresh from the fountain, is now the most persuasive weapon of warfare.

Humanity longs for the perfect simplicity of dress which was characteristic of Adam and Eve when spending their halcyon days in Eden.

—You never want to talk to a fellow, says an exchange, about heaven after he has seen a pretty girl in a white dress. Earth is plenty good enough for him.

Gleaned from Correspondence.

A correspondent who signs himself "X" writes quite an interesting letter from Warsaw, Indiana, from which we make extracts as full as our limited space will permit. He says:

"We noticed in a late issue of your paper tne account of a trip made by some Centre county boys through the northern part of this State, and regret they did not get down far enough to visit another relic of old Centre. This (Warsaw) is a very pretty city, being almost surrounded by three lakes, thus affording fine boating and excellent fishing. Black bass, perch and a variety of others are caught.

"This is the home of Hon. W. Williams, our minister, or *charge-de-affairs* to Uruguay and Paraguay, who has just about reached his headquarters at Montevido. This, too, is the native home of "The Drummer Boy of Shiloh." We have often read the poem of the above title, but little did we think that we would get to see the identical lad. He is rather proud of the honor of being termed "The Drummer Boy of Shiloh." While his equals as a drummer are rare, he fully met his match in the person of Mr. Carrington, of Abbie Carrington's Concert Company, whom he challenged for a conquest at the Opera House in this city. The "Boy" was, however, left a few knots behind.

"Indiana is anxiously speculating upon the future welfare of the old Keystone and heartily endorses the nomination of General Beaver.

"The prohibition amendment, which forever prohibits the manufacture, sale or keeping for sale in the State of Indiana, spiritous, vinous or other intoxicating liquors, except for scientific, medical or mechanical purposes, and providing for regulating the sale for said purposes, promises to be the principal issue in the coming fall campaign. It perhaps may not be submitted to a vote of the people direct before '83. The Hoosiers, I think, can get "on the outside" of more whiskey than either the Jerseyites or the Kentuckians.

—On several occasions recently we have observed a man who, through some more than ordinary misfortune has lost both of his hands, wandering through the streets or reclining in some convenient or inconvenient spot, lost to all sense of the decencies of life through the influence of the vile stuff which he has drank. This repulsive spectacle was repeated on Monday afternoon. The fact that the man is in a condition seemingly incapable, even when sober, to lift the glass to his lips, renders the external aspect of the case even more to be deplored. At best, it is not a pleasant thing to sell a man what will steal away his senses; but to sell the soul and body destroying liquid to one already deprived of the hands which his Creator gave him for use seems to be an act of which a man in sympathy with his fellows could not be guilty. To see him clutch the glass in his handless arms and bear it to his quivering lips!—ah, who can paint the horrors of such a sight? It must indeed be an insatiable desire for the exhilarating potion on the part of the buyer and an intense greed for gain with him who sells—and the Devil's at the bottom of it.

—Mr. Miller Tiffin, who has officiated as general manager of the car works while that establishment had an active existence in our midst, departed Monday evening on his anticipated business mission to the West, Denver, Col., being the first place that will demand his attention. Mr. Tiffin is an exceedingly pleasant and genial gentleman, an instructive and edifying conversationalist and evidently a person of large and varied experience in the business world. His strong individuality rendered him a very attractive person to meet. We regret that this is perhaps his final departure from Bellefonte, as he says he may not again find it convenient to return.

—A mode of preparing cucumbers relished by many persons, is as follows: "Pare and slice lengthwise, medium sized cucumbers, in cuts a quarter of an inch thick. Rinse in cold water, dip each slice singly in flour, and put them in a dripping pan, using for material to fry them in, the gravy in which either beefsteak, veal cutlet or mutton chop has been cooked. Fry briskly until the slices are a light brown on both sides. Have your bread toasted, buttered, and close at hand. Slip the slices of cucumber, hot from the pan, between slices of toast and serve at once."

—It was discovered that the gold fish and the silver fish, kept with the more common members of the finny tribe in one vase in Green's drug store, did not get along harmoniously together and they have accordingly been separated.

—The price of potatoes is descending rapidly.

A Bellefonte Girl Causes a Sensation.

On Friday last a person about sixteen years of age, supposed at the time to be a boy and dressed in male attire, was arrested in Canton, Ohio, on the charge of petit larceny. The name given was George Miller, but the turnkey suspected that his prisoner was a girl and questioned her until she confessed her sex, and also that she had worn male attire three years, during which she had always successfully passed for a boy. Her real name is Esther Miller and she will be sixteen years of age on the 15th of December. She was born in Bellefonte, but her parents moved about from place to place a long time, finally settling in Harrisburg, where they died. She adopted male attire to escape the attentions of a lover and found it a much pleasanter mode of dressing than that customary among girls. It's quite certain that native Bellefonters are determined to make a sensation in one way or another, although we do not approve of the mode adopted in this instance.

The girl's assertion that this is the place of her birth is true, as several citizens remember her and her parents, who lived here several years ago and suddenly disappeared.

Birthday Party.

On Monday Mr. Lunger Wian, son of Mr. Peter Wian, who resides on the farm of General James A. Beaver, not far from Bellefonte, attained his 22d birthday, and the important occasion was celebrated by his friends in a grand gathering of relatives and acquaintances at his father's residence in the evening. The company numbered about 40 persons, who assembled to honor the young gentleman in such a manner as the circumstances should suggest. The gathering was one of the most delightful ever participated in by those who were so fortunate as to be there. The Pleasant Gap Band, which was present, discoursed some of its liveliest music and was presented with an elegant cake. The refreshments were very fine, consisting of ice cream, cakes, fruit and confectionery in a bountiful supply. The young gentleman in whose honor the company assembled was overwhelmed with congratulations and wishes for his future welfare and prosperty.

—Among the passengers on the outgoing train, Monday afternoon, were Mr. John Campbell and family, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lindsey. They were on their way to Houtzdale, where they will hereafter reside permanently. Mr. Campbell and family have exchanged their place of residence from Bellefonte to Houtzdale, that they may all be together, as Mr. Campbell's business for a long time past, has necessitated his residence in the latter place. We much regret their departure, as they were among our esteemed residents, and hope that the change will contribute to their prosperity and happiness.

—On Saturday morning a Hungarian woman and her 10-year-old boy were given lodging in the Lock Haven jail and on Monday morning were sent to Buffalo Run, this county. The woman and her husband came to this country about four months ago, going to Cincinnati, Ohio, from which point her husband started to get work. He found employment at Buffalo Run and sent for his wife, who, however, made a mistake and went all the way to Buffalo, N. Y. At last they reached Lock Haven, and the woman was overjoyed to find she was so near her husband once again. We hope the family are now united.

—A large party of gypsies passed through town last week. There were the usual number of uncleanly men, women and children, besides three dogs and four or five horses. After reaching a point just outside the borough limits, the female portion of the party separated, going in all directions through the town. The company were probably in want of provisions and these wandering females will buy, beg or borrow to the best of their ability.

—The Philadelphia *Times* raises its paper arms in holy horror and exclaims that General Beaver is making a desperate charge on the Grangers, determined to catch them all. His first attack was on Chadd's Ford Farmers' Club—a very hot-bed of revolt—on Thursday last. Yes, before you are aware on which side your bread is buttered the Grangers will be shouting for Beaver.

—We humbly and hesitatingly suggest to His Excellency, the street Commissioner, that there are several streets in this place which might receive his attention and be much improved thereby. It is true, they are cross-streets and are not lined with stately residences, but, nevertheless, they are dignified by the name of streets and should be treated accordingly.

Dr. Rhone Encounters a Bear.

Dr. Rhone went to Williamsport to attend the meeting of the State Dental Association, and it would be natural to suppose that he was earnestly participating in the weighty discussions incident to that gathering, but if the following from the *Gazette and Bulletin* is a true index to the real state of affairs he is indulging in exercises of a different and more dangerous nature. The *Bulletin* says:

On Monday several dentists, Dr. G. W. Klump, of this city; Dr. C. S. Beck, of Wilkesbarre; Dr. W. H. Fundenberg, of Pittsburg, and Dr. J. W. Rnone, of Bellefonte, fished for trout in Hoagland's run, about twelve miles above the city. While wandering around in quest of the "beauties" they encountered a large black bear, but not being prepared with the proper bait for that kind of fishing, they did not invite him to accompany them back to the city. The bear took a quiet survey of those of the party nearest him, and then started up the mountain.

—A meeting of Centre County Pomona Grange will be held at Centre Hall on Wednesday, August 9.

New Advertisements.

Cuticura

THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER

Resolvent

I will now state that I made a miraculous cure of one of the worst cases of skin disease known. The patient is a man forty years old; had suffered fifteen years. His eyes, scalp and nearly his whole body presented a frightful appearance. Had had the attention of twelve different physicians, who prescribed the best remedies known to the profession, such as iodide potassium, arsenic, corrosive sublimate, sarsaparilla, etc. Had paid $500 for medical treatment with but little relief. I prevailed upon him to use Cuticura Resolvent internally, and the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. He did so and was *completely cured*. The skin on his head, face, and many other parts of his body, which presented a most loathsome appearance, is now as soft and smooth as an infant's, with no scar or trace of the disease left behind. He has now been cured twelve months.

Reported by
F. H. BROWN, Esq., Barnwell, S. C.

SCROFULA SORE.

Rev. Dr. ——, in detailing his experience with the Cuticura Remedies, said that through Divine Providence one of his parishioners was cured of a scrofulous sore, which was slowly draining away his life, by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The poison that had fed the disease was completely driven out.

ECZEMA.

Sixteen months since an eruption broke out on my legs and both feet, which turned out to be Eczema, and caused me great pain and annoyance. I tried various remedies with no good results, until I used the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, which entirely cured me so that my skin is as smooth and natural as ever.

GEN. M. FRAILEY, 64 South St., Baltimore.

CUTICURA.

The Cuticura treatment for the cure of Skin, Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the Great Skin Cures.

Price of Cuticura, Small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Shaving Soap, 15c.

Depot, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure.

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Chills and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking, putrid mucus is dislodged, membrane cleansed, disinfected and healed, breath sweetened, and smell, taste and hearing restored and constitutional ravages checked.

Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, &c., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

COLLINS' LIGHTNING PLASTERS

Is not quicker than COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS in relieving pain and weakness of the Kidneys, Liver and Lungs, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Malaria, and Fever and Ague. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Opens August 25.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

14-23-tf

Miscellaneous.

BURCHFIELD'S

New Grocery Store,

just opened in the new Centre County Bank building,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has everything

New, Fresh and Desirable.

The most extensive stock of

Groceries, Canned Goods, Spices, Table Delicacies, Provisions, Confectioneries, Glassware, Stoneware, Queensware, Tobaccos, Cigars, &c.

In this section of the state.

These goods will be sold at either wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.

As everything in stock is perfectly fresh, and purchased for cash, I can guarantee the fullest satisfaction in both quality and price.

A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call, and a fair share of the patronage of the people is respectfully requested.

14-19-1y

THE FINEST LINE OF

MEN'S WEAR

ever brought to bellefonte. Cheap as trash is generally sold for.

DOLL & MINGLE.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AN

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf

LARGE STOCK OF LADIES' SLIPPERS WALKING SHOES, AND MEN'S LOW SHOES AT DOLL & MINGLE'S. 14-22-3m

MEN'S WHOLE STOCK BROGANS, $1.00

WOMEN'S CARPET SLIPPERS, 25c.

WOMEN'S LASTING SLIPPERS, 50c.

MEN'S CARPET SLIPPERS, 50c.

WOMEN'S BUTTON SHOES, $1.25.

WOMEN'S WALKING SHOES, $1.00

DOLL & MINGLE.

14-22-3m

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch

PHILAD'A.

Opposite Academy of Fine arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor.

14-21tf

Best business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 14-8m4w1y

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Oh, shoot the man
With the palm-leaf fan,
Who carries a red, red nose;
And only says, "Whew!
Hot enough for you?"
Which is all he knows, we suppose.

—Plumbs are beginning to ripen.

—Tiger-lilies and holly-hocks are blooming.

—Oh, for a lodge in some vast wilderness, some contiguity of shade.

—Fresh fruit and vegetables, in large quantities, are brought to Bellefonte daily.

—"Pinching-bugs" are troublesome in the evening when the interior of the house is illuminated.

—An unusually large number of Bellefonters traveled toward the soft sea breezes on Monday.

—Water for bathing purposes and for refreshing vegetation is now appreciated at its highest value.

—Snow Shoe is well named as a summer resort. All its associations are suggestive of cold weather.

—The Roman Catholic Picnic held at Snow Shoe on Monday, the 24th ult., realized a large sum of money.

—"Chincleclamouch," the name of the Snow Shoe hotel, is musical and delights even the uncultivated ear.

—Prof. W. F. Meyer is the author of a new piece of music for the piano entitled, "Moonlight in the Forest."

—All who attended the English Lutheran picnic at Snow Shoe, on Thursday, were well pleased with the trip.

—The pleasant Gap Silver Cornet Band will give a festval on Friday and Saturday, the 11th and 12th of August.

—Blackberries are only two cents a quart in Perry county. Paste this in the bottom of your basket when you go to market Saturday morning.

—Accidents are numerous at Scotia. We are told that another man recently tried to make an item for us by leaping from a rapidly moving train, but narrowly escaped being run over.

—Our death notices record the decease of a very aged citizen of this county—Mr. Robert Galbraith, who died at his home near Boalsburg on the 16th ult., aged almost 84 years.

—Mr. O. Hanscom, an employee of George Boak's saw mill near Snow Shoe, had one of his hands terribly mutilated by a circular saw while at work in that establishment on Saturday afternoon.

—Mr. Isaac Buffington, an aged citizen of Milesburg, died Thursday evening after a long illness. His age was 70 years, 3 months and 15 days. His many friends will much regret to read this sad announcement. Funeral was held on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

—Love is a beautiful sentiment, but it is quite unnecessary for professed lovers to give such extravagant expressions to it as is sometimes done when they part at the train. Public exhibitions of affection are unnecessary.

—Company B, N. G. of Pa., appeared on the street Friday night and participated in their regular drill. It was too dark to judge of their appearance or scientific step, but the figures moving along to the music of the fife produced a decidedly military effect.

—Many surrounding towns are already finding it necessary to limit the use of water. Happy are the Bellefonters, who have a perpetual supply from a spring which has its source so deep that the severest drought has little perceptible effect.

—The Wheeland family of Lycoming county, six members of which weigh 1205 pounds, have been exceeded in weight by the DeHaven family, of Philadelphia, which can produce six members with an aggregate weight of 1236 pounds, or 31 pounds heavier than the Wheeland family.

—On Saturday we reported that a dog owned by Mr. Josiah Johnson, of near Zion, became rabid and was killed. We now learn that the report was false and the canine is still alive and acts in a very natural way. The report was circulated by persons who seem to have a dislike to the dog.

—Mr. David Moore, the efficient general manager of Valentines' store, was summoned to Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Monday, July 25, to be present at the bedside of his father, who is seriously ill. A telegram received in town next morning conveyed the cheering intelligence that the aged gentleman is improving. We hope his convalescence will be permanent.

Prohibition in Bellefonte.

THURSDAY EVENING.

The audience which gathered in the Court House last evening, in response to the call of the State Constitutional Amendment Association, was not large, neither was it very enthusiastic, and its lack of enthusiasm and diminutiveness may both be attributed to the heat.

Rev. Jas. P. Hughes named D. S. Keller, Esq., for chairman, and Clement Dale, Esq., for Secretary. After a few remarks by the President, the choir rendered "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," which was followed with prayer by Rev. Wm. Laurie. Chas F. Cook, N. S. Bailey, and Mrs. Wm. Humes were appointed a committee on permanent organization.

After an excellent speech by Mr. W. D. Blackburn, State organizer, the chairman of the committee on permanent organization reported the following officers: President, Col. D. S. Keller; Vice Presidents, S. D. Gray, George L. Potter, H. Y. Stitzer; Secretary, Wm. S. Zeller; Treasurer, Ellis L. Orvis; Executive Committee, Revs. J. F. DeLong, John Hewitt, Wm. Laurie, George W. Penepacker, S. E. Furst, P. M. McArdle, John M. Palmer, James P. Hughes, R. Crittenden, H. Keller, Messrs. D. S. Keller, W. S. Zeller, E. L. Orvis, James Scofield, F. P. Green, John Powers, W. H. Blair, John W. Moore, A. O. Furst, S. S. Lyon, John Hoffer, William Mills, Mrs. John P. Harris, Mrs. E. M. Blanchard, Mrs. W. T. Twitmire, Mrs. J. W. Rhone, Mrs. A. S. Valentine, Mrs. Jared Harper and Miss Maggie Laughlin.

Delegates to the convention: John Powers, S. S. Lyon, Geo. L. Potter, Dr. T. R. Hayes, J. W. Gephart, J. R. VanOrmer, James, Schofield, D. J. Kline, R. C. Irwin, John W. Moore, Mrs. T. R. Hayes, Mrs. James H. Rankin, Miss Emily Natt, Mrs. W. S. Zeller, Mrs. D. H. Hastings, Mrs. J. W. Moore, Miss Clara Valentine and Mrs. John H. Orvis.

The meeting adjourned with music by the choir and benediction by Rev. S. E. Furst.

FRIDAY MORNING.

The convention assembled in the Court House at 10.30 a. m. Was called to order by W. D. Blackburn, representative of the State Association, who briefly stated the object of the convention, after which a temporary organization was effected, by the election of H. Y. Stitzer, Bellefonte, Chairman, and Dr. A. J. Orndorf, of Furguson township, Secretary. Music was furnished by a choir of delegates, J. Witmer Wolf, of Centre Hall, presiding at organ. Prayer was offered by Rev. Wm. Groh, of Boalsburg. A committee of enrollment was then appointed consisting of D. S. Keller, C. F. Gephart, Millheim, and J. B Newcomer, of Burnside township. One hundred delegates were reported present during the forenoon session. One dollar subscriptions in support of the movement in the State were received.

A select committee of nine was appointed to report committees on permanent organization, constitution, and resolutions, consisting of S. S. Lyon, Esq., of Bellefonte, Thos. Taylor, Unionville, Wm. L. Wilson, Halfmoon, Thos. G. Erhart, of Harris twp., J. Witmer Wolf, of Potter, Mrs. J. P. Harris and Mrs. Evan Blanchard, of Bellefonte, Mrs. Frank Leathers and Mrs. Henry Iddings, of Unionville. Short addresses were then offered in support of the movement by Rev. J. Tomlinson, of Aaronsburg, Rev. Wm. Groh, of Boalsburg, and Rev. G. D. Pennepacker, Bellefonte. After which convention took a recess till 2 p. m. The meeting was largely attended and much interest was taken in the proceedings.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

The large attendance of the morning was continued in the afternoon, but the business transacted seems to have been comparatively insignificant A county association and a borough association were organized and a series of resolutions submitted and adopted. An additional resolution, to the effect that members should refuse to support or vote for candidates to the Senate or House of Representatives who will not pledge themselves to support a prohibitory amendment, was discussed at great length and submitted to a vote. The chair decided the resolution lost.

Gen. W. H. Blair termed it the "how-to-do-nothing" convention.

Two or three years more time will probably be devoted to "educating public sentiment."

One reason given for the non-adoption of the resolution was because all the members were not unanimous on the subject. Have majorities indeed ceased to rule in free America?

People are weary of temperance discussions because nothing practical is accomplished and brilliant opportunities are frittered away.

—The number of visitors whiling away the happy hours in Bellefonte is increasing.

A Few Statistics.

W. D. Blackburn, State organizer of the prohibition movement in Pennsylvania, in the course of his speech delivered in the Court House on Thursday evening, presented the following very interesting statistics:

During the past year licenses were granted by the court in Centre county as follows:

25 Hotels	$1250.00
6 Beer houses	120.00
1 Brewery and four distilleries	128.75

making in all 36 drinking places, paying a license of only $1498.75. This license money, according to law, was paid by the county treasurer into the state treasury and the county's share of it was only about *thirteen dollars and twenty-six cents*. During the same year the court expenses, criminal cases and commonwealth witnesses were $9,758.15; county prison and Western penitentiary, $4,857.48; insane asylum, $2,866.97; almshouse and poor houses about $18,000; constables, $418.64; making a total of $33,901.24.

According to the testimony of Ex-Chief Justice Agnew and four-fifths of the Judges of the state, four fifths of the above amounts (or $28,721) is caused by strong drink, under the license system, which burden is borne by the tax payers of the county.

The above figures show us that the license law in its effects, costs about five dollars for every voter in the county.

There are in Centre county just 36 individuals, whose trade and occupation has cost the county in one year $28,721.00 and paid the county only *thirteen dollars and twenty six-cents* for that privilege.

Would 36 farmers, or 36 merchants, or 36 professional men, or 36 laborers, or any other 36 individuals, be allowed to carry on their trade or occupation, if it was productive of such alarming evils or wonderful expenses to the county?

According to the liquor dealer's *Advocate*, these 36 licensed places average 80 regular customers each, making 2880 regular drinkers in the county. Estimating three drinks each day at ten cents a drink, makes a daily cost to the county of $864.00, and an annual cost, counting only 313 days to the year, of $270,432.00. Again, each liquor seller, with 80 regular customers, buying three drinks per day, at ten cents a drink, would take in $24.00 a day or $7,512 a year, while each customer would expend on an average thirty cents a day, or $93.90 a year, which is worse than wasted.

Military Order.

The following order has been issued to Company B, N. G. of Pa.

ARMORY CO. B. FIFTH REGIMENT,
SECOND BRIGADE, N. G. P.
BELLEFONTE, Pa., July 28, '82.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 2.

I. Pursuant to General Orders from Brigade and Regimental Headquarters, the Bellefonte Fencibles, Company B, will go into Camp at Lewistown, on Friday, August 4th, 1882.

II. The officers and men of this Company will report at the Armory at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, August 4th, uniformed and equipped in readiness to take the 5 o'clock p. m. train. Each man will provide himself with two days' cooked rations, 4 pairs of white gloves, shoe brush, blacking, and all things necessary for one week's tour of camp duty. No civilians' clothing will be allowed in Camp. Turn down collars only must be worn. The overcoat will be neatly rolled and placed on top the knapsack, blanket folded on the back.

III. By the provisions of paragraph VII, General Orders No. 4, from Brigade Headquarters, it will be seen that the law requiring the attendance of all members of the National Guard at the coming encampment will this year be rigidly enforced. Excuse for non-attendance can only be granted by the Brigade commander and will be allowed only for such reasons as would prevail in actual service.

IV. Each set of fours will be allowed to take a small box as baggage, which must be delivered at the depot before noon on the 4th.

By order of AMOS MULLEN, *Captain.*
J. D. GEISSINGER, *1st. Sergeant.*

—It is the custom of evil disposed persons in our town to lounge on the bridges and other public places, thus obstructing the highway, to the annoyance of pedestrians. We hear complaints that the miscreants who thus block up the way have, in several instances, during the present summer, squirted tobacco juice on ladies' dresses. We are authorized to give notice that a liberal reward will be paid for information furnished to the chief of police that will lead to the arrest and conviction before the court of quarter sessions of the person or persons who commit these malicious acts.

—A deep and very dangerous hole in the pavement in front of Valentines' stores should receive the immediate attention of the gentleman who owns the building. Several persons have fallen there within the past twenty-four hours and that they were not injured is due solely to their good fortune.

PHILIPSBURG PARAGRAPHS.

The Strike—Improvements—Personals—General Resume of News.

PHILIPSBURG, July 27, 1882.

The strike among the miners has terminated at last, however Mr. McFadden, the agitator, may state it to the contrary. Of the mines in this end of the coal region the Morrisdale mines, owned by R. B. Wigton & Sons, have had for the last week all the men they could employ. The Empire Coal Company have 80 men at work to-day. The Pardee colliery has not stopped at all; nor have the Decatur Coal Company's mines been idle for a day. At the Victor they have 100 men at work; at the Lancashire, 98; at the Glenwood mine, 40; at Ridge, 20; and at Barlow's sufficient men to load 150 tons a day. The shipments of coal from this region for the present week will be fully up to the average.

The operators have black-listed all the leaders in the strike, and to-day as many as 50 were refused work at one mine alone. It is to be hoped the Knights of Labor, who got up this demand for an increase of pay among the miners, will learn something through the school of experience.

At least $200,000 in new improvements to our town will have been expended here by the end of the present year.

The Methodists are erecting one of the handsomest parsonages in Central Pennsylvania.

Mr. Ellsworth, who formerly owned the Philipsburg *Journal*, and made it one of the very brightest of newspapers, has purchased an interest in a foundry for the manufacture of car wheels at Corning, N. Y. Mr. E. is one of the most genial of gentlemen, with enough integrity and manhood for 20 men, and his many friends here wish him every measure of success.

The extensive firebrick works now in process of erection here by R. B. Wigton & Sons are being pushed as fast as possible toward completion. They will, when finished, employ about 50 men.

We have more of a rush on our streets during the evenings than is to be seen on Chestnut street in Philadelphia.

We have also 5,000 cows that carry 5,000 bells, sufficient to disturb 50,000 people. The town council should prohibit such a nuisance. The selfish ingrate who puts a bell on a cow to disturb a neighbor is fit for prison.

DAN DEQUILLE.

—Two very bright and pretty young ladies from Tyrone are visiting relatives at Buffalo Run. On Wednesday one of them undertook to frighten the other and succeeded so well that she was alarmed at the result of the scheme and the infinitely worse possibilities which might have resulted. She left the house unknown to her companion and disguising herself as a tramp returned and entered. Her companion, who is a young lady of about 12 years of age, was on the second floor. She was so frightened on seeing a tramp enter the house that she jumped from a second-story window to the solid ground below, a distance of over twelve feet. Fortunately, she was not injured, although the consequences might have been very serious. The young ladies will not indulge in practical jokes so frequently hereafter.

—The English Lutheran picnic at Snow Shoe on Thursday was a great success in every particular. About 1,000 persons were present and many others along the route who desired to enter the cars were refused passage as they were uncomfortably filled. By the time the hungry excursionists were through eating a veritable famine prevailed in Snow Shoe from which it will require several days to recover. The fact that Snow Shoe was able to meet the extraordinary emergency is a subject of congratulation.

—What curious girls there are in some towns! We are sure that Bellefonte contains no such specimens. Just read the lecture a neighboring exchange addresses to the girls. It says: "A great many pretty girls think it is their sole mission in life to look lovely; they do not consider that they are bound to talk or display anything like intelligence; so long as they dress in a manner to show their beauty off to the best advantage, they are quite satisfied with themselves." That editor ought to be transported to Bellefonte, and if the quietest girl within the borough limits can't talk him to death in four hours we'll confess ourselves defeated.

—We have received no intimation of any change in the various church services to-morrow, from which we suppose that all our church-going readers may go to their own places of worship and perform their devotions in the manner best suited to their convictions.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCafferty are at Cresson.

Mr. Frank Montgomery is sojourning at Atlantic City.

H. Y. Stitzer and wife are visiting friends in Aaronsburg.

General and Mrs. Beaver were at Ashbury Park a few days ago.

Mrs. Martin Haines, of Tyrone, arrived in town Wednesday, July 26.

Miss Millie Swartzwelder, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Miss Jennie Reynolds.

Major George Pifer, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday in town with his wife and daughter.

Miss Mattie Allport and Miss Kate Dubree, of Philipsburg, are visiting friends at Snow Shoe.

Miss Annie Shriner, of Tyrone, is a guest at the residence of Major R. H. Forster, on Linn street.

Miss Blanche Straub, of this place, departed July 25 for a brief visit at Kylertown, Clearfield county.

Mr. Naudain Hamilton, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the residence of Dr. T. R. Hayes, on Linn street.

Mr. Walter Butts is listening to what the wild waves are saying as they beat on the surf at Atlantic City.

Mrs. George Weaver, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Given, is sojourning among relatives in Philipsburg.

Miss Fox, of Leesburg, Va., cousin of Miss Flora Fox, and niece of Mrs. W. R. Teller, is visiting her friends in this place.

Miss Maitland, for some time the guest of the Misses Landis, returned to her home in Williamsport, Tuesday morning, July 25.

Mr. Frank Van Lear and Miss Clara Matson, both of Chester, Pa., are guests at the residence of Mr. Montgomery, this place.

Miss Boyd, who has visited for a short time at the residence of J. W. Gephart, Esq., departed for her home on Monday, the 24th ult.

Messrs. Charles Richards and Charles Heisler were passengers on the 10 a. m. train on Monday. Their destination is Atlantic City.

Miss Clara Ginter, who has been spending a portion of the summer among friends in this place, returned to her home in Renovo last Friday.

Mr. Jonathan Hess, a prominent resident of Pine Grove, spent a short time in town Wednesday with headquarters at the Brockerhoff House.

Attorney Ray returned from Gettysburg Friday evening. He is so pleased with that place that he is almost persuaded to transfer his legal business there.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, of Berwick, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder, on Allegheny street. They came by private conveyance on Thursday.

Mr. W. F. Shugert, of Washington, D. C., son of our popular townsman, Hon. S. T. Shugert, arrived in town Mondoy morning to visit among his many friends here.

Mrs. Offner and Miss Slaymaker, of Lancaster, arrived in town on Tuesday afternoon. They will be the guests of Mrs. James Harris during their sojourn in town.

T. G. Dunkle, an employe in the planing mill of Hoover, Hughes & Co., of Philipsburg, was in town the 26th ult., giving this office the benefit of his presence for a short time.

Mr. W. J. Nichols and wife, of Philadelphia, arrived in town Wednesday. Mr. N. left Thursday morning, leaving Mrs. N. to spend a few days among friends in this place.

Mrs. Harry Bridge and daughter, Miss Blanche, of Clearfield, and Mrs. Goodwin, of Curwensville, arrived in town last Thursday, and are now the guests of Mrs. W. E. Burchfield.

Mr. Edward Garman is off on a grand tour of the Eastern States. He started Saturday night and is now in Philadelphia. Thence he will go to Boston, to the White Mountains and many other places of interest.

Mr. Al. Grow, the young and popular editor of the prosperous *Daily Journal*, of Lock Haven, came up to Bellefonte Thursday afternoon, had a pleasant chat with his friends and went home on the return train in the evening.

Mrs. James Sommerville, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Bessie Sommerville, arrived in town from Snow Shoe on Tuesday afternoon, to remain a few days, during which they will be the guests of Mrs. Sommerville's sister, Mrs. Adam Hoy.

—The dogs imitated the "noblest animal in creation"—man—on Saturday night, and some time between the hours of midnight and dawn got up one of the most infernal rackets ever heard. Every cur in town seemed to be on the warpath.

Harris Township Heard From.

Constitutional Amendment Associations are apparently "all the rage" just now. A communication received yesterday from Boalsburg shows what Harris township is doing in regard to it:

At the meeting on the 22d inst., Hon. W. A. Murray, President *pro tem.*, called the assembly to order, and in a neat little speech stated the object of the association. After a prayer by Rev. Groh and the singing of a hymn, the meeting was considered open for the transaction of business. The President named the following gentleman as a committee on permanent organization: Rev. Diven, E. W. Sweeny and Peter Weber. The lecture on intemperance by W. D. Blackburn, State organizer, was appreciated by all present. The report of the committee resulted in the election of the following officers: President, Hon. W. A. Murray; Vice Presidents, Henry Keller, Dr. J. F. Woods, D. F. Weiland; Secretary, H. J. Boyer; Treasurer, R. O. Goheen; Executive Committee, Hon. W. A. Murray, J. H. Boyer, R. O. Goheen, A. H. Hosterman, Wm. McFarland, Dr. C. P. W. Fisher, James Stuart, Peter Weber, W. H. Miller, E. W. Sweeney and Henry Fredericks.

—Drunkenness and revelry reigned on Saturday night. The pale moon looked down on faces bloated and bleared with rum, on vile passions raised to the highest degree of excitement, on men with angry eyes and clenched fists ready to take the lives of their fellows. A quarrel in which two young men and an old one seemed to be directly engaged was started in the bar room of one of the prominent hotels. Blows were struck and one of the young men ran, the other young man and the older one pursuing, the blood streaming from the besotted face of the old man. A motley crowd followed the combatants They met again on the Lewistown turnpike. Fists flew, eyes were blackened, and if somebody wasn't hurt they were at least given a very serious headache—it matters little which. Similar scenes will be repeated every Saturday night as long as men are such great fools as to spend their hard-earned week's wages over the bar for that which will take away their senses. We appeal to them to keep away from the saloons on Saturday night and all the time. What if the bars should be closed for lack of business? It is better for them to lose a little money than for men to be deprived of their self-respect in this life, and happiness hereafter.

—Vennor made a great mistake in his prophesies about July weather, and we copy what he has to say in regard to that of August merely because he is the most celebrated weather prophet we know of. He says: "I cannot but think that August will be another month of storms and unusual rainfall, with one or two remarkably low curves of temperature. I expect snowfalls will be recorded in extreme western and northwestern sections, and cold rains at more southerly stations shortly after the middle of the month."

—Rev. James Hughes says he believes a rain storm is near. Hope so for his sake; something should happen to give a Bellefonter precedence over Vennor as a weather prophet.

MARRIED.

STEELE—LICHTY.—On Thursday evening, July 27, at 9 o'clock, at the M. E. parsonage, by Rev. George Penepacker, Mr. Samuel S. Steele and Miss Lillie Lichty, both of Boiling Spring, this county.

JAMES—WALKER.—At the M. E. parsonage in Howard, July 21, 1882, by Rev. John Stine, Mr. David W. James and Miss Anna C. Walker both of Centre county, Pa.

KERSTETER—UHL.—At the M. E. parsonage, Milesburg, on the 23d inst., by Rev. J. A. Woodcock, Mr. William W. Kerstetter and Miss Emma R. Uhl, both of Bellefonte, Pa.

DIED.

GALBRAITH.—Near Boalsburg, July 16, 1882, Mr. Robert Galbraith, aged 83 years, 11 months and 8 days.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 1, 1882.

Wheat	$1 10
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, ear	90
Corn, shelled, old	90
Oats	50
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	6 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12½
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per piece	20
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	16
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	15
Lard per pound	15
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	1.00
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	15